

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Godrej Agrovet Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Godrej Agrovet Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), its associate and joint ventures, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 March 2024, and the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on the consideration of reports of the other auditors on separate/consolidated financial statements of such subsidiaries, associate and joint ventures as were audited by the other auditors, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group, its associate and joint ventures as at 31 March 2024, of its consolidated profit and other comprehensive loss, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group, its associate and joint ventures in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in terms of the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the relevant provisions of the Act, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us along with the consideration of reports of the other auditors referred to in paragraph (a) of the "Other Matters" section below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors on separate/consolidated financial statements of components audited by them, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Description of Key Audit Matters

Revenue Recognition	
The key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
<p>Refer Note 1[9(A)(i)] of accounting policy and Note 29 and Note 30 in consolidated financial statements</p> <p>The Group recognises revenue from sale of goods when control of the goods has transferred and when there are no longer any unfulfilled obligations to the customer. Depending on the contractual terms with the customers, this can be either at the time of dispatch or delivery of goods. The Group has large number of customers and the sales contracts with customers have different terms relating to transfer of control of underlying goods and the right of return.</p> <p>We identified the recognition of revenue from sale of products as a key audit matter because:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Group and its external stakeholders focus on revenue as a key performance indicator. This could create an incentive for higher revenue to be recognised throughout the period (including period end), i.e. before the control of underlying goods have been transferred to the customer; and Estimation of accrual for sales returns, particularly in the crop protection segment involves significant judgement. 	<p>Our audit procedures included following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assessing the Group's accounting policies in respect of revenue recognition by comparing with applicable accounting standards; Evaluating the design, testing the implementation and operating effectiveness of the Group's internal controls over recognition of revenue on selected samples of transactions; Perform substantive testing and cut-off testing throughout the period (including period end), by selecting samples using statistical sampling of revenue transactions recorded during the year and verifying the underlying documents, which included sales invoices, dispatch documents and proof of delivery, depending on the terms of contracts with customer; Examining journal entries (using statistical sampling) posted to revenue to identify unusual or irregular items; Evaluating the design and testing the implementation and operating effectiveness of the internal controls over accrual for sales returns, in crop protection segment;

Revenue Recognition	
The key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Checking completeness and accuracy of the data used for accrual of sales returns, in crop protection segment by verifying the historical data with underlying books of accounts; • Examining historical trend of sales return claims to assess the assumptions and judgements used in accrual of sales returns in crop protection segment. Comparing historically recorded accruals to the actual amount of sales returns; • Evaluating adequacy of disclosures given in the consolidated financial statements.
Goodwill and intangible assets	
See note 1[5], 1[9(N)] and 52 to the consolidated financial statements	
The key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
<p>The Goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite life is recognised pursuant to business acquisitions.</p> <p>Management performs an annual impairment testing for Goodwill and intangible assets having indefinite life or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired.</p> <p>The goodwill and intangible assets are attributable to cash generating units and is tested for impairment using a value in use model, as described in note 1 [9(N)] to the consolidated financial statements. We consider the impairment evaluation of Goodwill by management to involve significant estimates and judgement, due to the inherent uncertainty involved in forecasting and discounting future cash flows.</p> <p>Accordingly, this is considered as a key audit matter.</p>	<p>Our audit procedures include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assessing the Group's accounting policy for impairment of goodwill and intangible assets with applicable accounting standards; • Testing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key controls placed around the impairment assessment process of goodwill and intangible assets; • Obtaining and assessing the valuation working prepared by the management for its impairment assessment; • Involving valuation specialists to assist in the evaluation of assumptions such as discount rate, growth rate etc. in estimating projections, cash flows and methodologies used by the Group; • Comparing the current year's performance with the projections used in previous year; • Assessing the sensitivity of the outcome of impairment assessment to changes in key assumptions; and • Assessing the adequacy of disclosures in respect of such goodwill and intangible assets in accordance with the accounting standards.

Other Information

The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Holding Company's annual report, but does not include the financial statements and auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed and based on the work done/audit reports of other auditors, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibilities for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in term of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated state of affairs, consolidated profit/ loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group including its associate and joint ventures in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act. The respective Management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate and joint ventures are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of each company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Management and Board of Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate and joint ventures are responsible for assessing the ability of each company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the respective Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate and joint ventures are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of each company.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit, we also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management and Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of consolidated financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the appropriateness of this assumption. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associate and joint ventures to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of such entities or business activities within the Group and its associate and joint ventures to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial information of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion. Our responsibilities in this regard are further described in paragraph (a) of the section titled "Other Matters" in this audit report.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matters

- a. We did not audit the financial statements of three subsidiaries, whose financial statements reflect total assets (before consolidation adjustments) of ₹ 92.96 crores as at 31 March 2024, total revenues (before consolidation adjustments) of ₹ 54.77 crores and net cash inflows (before consolidation adjustments) amounting to ₹ 0.42 crores for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net profit (and other comprehensive income) of ₹ 66.38 crores for the year ended 31 March 2024, in respect of one joint venture, whose financial statements have not been audited by us. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and joint venture, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries and joint venture is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of this matter with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors.

- b. The financial information of one subsidiary, whose financial information reflects total assets (before consolidation adjustments) of ₹ 0.002 crores as at 31 March 2024, total revenues (before consolidation adjustments) of ₹ Nil and net cash flows (before consolidation adjustments) amounting to ₹ Nil for the period ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements, have not been audited either by us or by other auditors. The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net loss (and other comprehensive income) of ₹ 13.56 crores for the year ended 31 March 2024, as considered in the consolidated financial statements, in respect of one associate and one joint venture, whose financial information have not been audited by us or by other auditor. These unaudited financial information have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiary, joint venture and associate, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiary, joint venture and associate, is based solely on such unaudited financial information. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the Management, these financial information are not material to the Group.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of this matter with respect to the financial information certified by the Management.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. A. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditor on separate/ consolidated financial statements of such subsidiaries and joint venture as were audited by other auditors, as noted in the "Other Matters" paragraph, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
 - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors, except for the matter stated in the paragraph 2(B)(f) below, for one subsidiary company, on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
 - c. The consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on 31 March 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies incorporated in India is disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f. the modifications relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith for one subsidiary company, are as stated in the paragraph 2(A)(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) of the Act and paragraph 2(B) (f) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
 - g. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in “Annexure B”.
- B. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor’s Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate/ consolidated financial statements of the subsidiaries and joint ventures, as noted in the “Other Matters” paragraph:
- a. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations as at 31 March 2024 on the consolidated financial position of the Group, its associate and joint ventures. Refer Note 47 to the consolidated financial statements.
 - b. Provision has been made in the consolidated financial statements, as required under the applicable law or Ind AS, for material foreseeable losses, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts. Refer Note 27 to the consolidated financial statements in respect of such items as it relates to the Group, its associate and joint ventures.
 - c. There are no amounts which are required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company or its subsidiary companies incorporated in India during the year ended 31 March 2024.
 - d.
 - (i) The management of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India whose financial statements/financial information have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiary companies that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note 53 to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiary companies to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (“Intermediaries”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company or any of such subsidiary companies (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (ii) The management of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India whose financial statements/financial information have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiary companies that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note 53 to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been received by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiary companies from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (“Funding Parties”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company or any of such subsidiary companies shall directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Parties (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (iii) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (i) and (ii) above, contain any material misstatement.
 - e. The final dividend paid by the Holding Company during the year, in respect of the same declared for the previous year, is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to payment of dividend.
- As stated in Note 45 to the consolidated financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Holding Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend.

f. Based on our examination which included test checks and that performed by the respective auditors of the subsidiary companies incorporated in India whose financial statements/financial information have been audited under the Act, except for the instance mentioned below, the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies have used accounting softwares for maintaining its books of account which, along with access management tools, as applicable, have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the respective softwares:

- In respect of one subsidiary company (Revenue of ₹ 54.98 Crores and Loss before tax of ₹ 5.36 Crores for the year ended 31st March, 2024), which is also using a third party software for recording and monitoring the health of cattles and quantitative consumption of feed is taken from the same, wherein the audit trail data is available with the third party software service provider and in the absence of a log report, we are unable to comment whether the audit trail feature of the said software was enabled and operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software or whether there were any instances of the audit trail feature been tampered with.

Further, where audit trail (edit log) facility was enabled and operated throughout the year for the accounting softwares, we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with.

C. With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's Report under Section 197(16) of the Act:

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and based on the reports of the statutory auditors of such subsidiary companies incorporated in India which were not audited by us, the remuneration paid during the current year by the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies to its directors is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act. The remuneration paid to any director by the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies is not in excess of the limit laid down under Section 197 of the Act. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under Section 197(16) of the Act which are required to be commented upon by us.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.:101248W/W-100022

Koosai Leheri

Partner

Membership No.: 112399

ICAI UDIN:24112399BKFRIH3185

Place: Mumbai

Date: 08 May 2024

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements of Godrej Agrovvet Limited for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

(xxi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, following company incorporated in India and included in the consolidated financial statements, have unfavourable remarks, qualification or adverse remarks given by the respective auditor in their report under the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (CARO):

Sr. No.	Name of the entities	CIN	Holding Company/ Subsidiary/ JV/ Associate	Clause number of the CARO report which is unfavourable or qualified or adverse
1	Godrej Cattle Genetics Private Limited	U01119MH2016PTC280677	Subsidiary	Clause (xvii)
2	Astec Lifesciences Limited	L99999MH1994PLC076236	Subsidiary	Clause (xvii)

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.:101248W/W-100022

Koosai Lehera

Partner

Membership No.: 112399

ICAI UDIN:24112399BKFRIH3185

Place: Mumbai
Date: 08 May 2024

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report on the consolidated financial statements of Godrej Agrovet Limited for the year ended 31 March 2024

Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the aforesaid consolidated financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

(Referred to in paragraph 2(A)(g) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Opinion

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of Godrej Agrovet Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") as of and for the year ended 31 March 2024, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and such companies incorporated in India under the Act which are its subsidiary companies, as of that date.

In our opinion and based on the consideration of reports of the other auditors on internal financial controls with reference to financial statements/ financial information of subsidiary companies as were audited by the other auditors, the Holding Company and such companies incorporated in India which are its subsidiary companies, have, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2024, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by such companies considering the essential components of such internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibilities for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Company's Management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the respective company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors of the relevant subsidiary companies in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matter paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Other Matter

Our aforesaid report under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements insofar as it relates to three subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such companies incorporated in India.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.:101248W/W-100022

Kosai Lehera

Partner

Membership No.: 112399

ICAI UDIN:24112399BKFRIH3185

Place: Mumbai

Date: 08 May 2024

Consolidated Balance Sheet

as at March 31, 2024

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
ASSETS			
(I) Non-current assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	2	2,208.24	2,000.42
(b) Capital work-in-progress	3	173.16	189.91
(c) Right of use assets	4	196.76	197.97
(d) Goodwill		264.88	264.88
(e) Intangible assets	5	68.75	71.12
(f) Intangible assets under development	5 (A)	18.35	14.53
(g) Biological assets other than bearer plants	6	67.78	33.17
(h) Equity accounted investees	7 (A)	151.92	141.43
(i) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	7 (B)	16.64	16.98
(ii) Loans	8	62.83	67.53
(iii) Others	9	42.36	50.46
(j) Deferred tax assets	44	36.70	42.38
(k) Other tax assets (net)		73.76	31.28
(l) Other non-current assets	10	37.27	58.40
Total non current assets		3,419.40	3,180.46
(II) Current Assets			
(a) Biological assets other than bearer plants	6	72.91	97.85
(b) Inventories	11	1,383.01	1,344.12
(c) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	12	8.01	-
(ii) Trade Receivables	13	518.91	574.03
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	14	49.76	26.72
(iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above	15	3.11	2.79
(v) Loans	16	18.93	5.40
(vi) Others	17	49.90	65.92
(d) Other current assets	18	179.33	188.66
Total current assets		2,283.87	2,305.49
TOTAL ASSETS		5,703.27	5,485.95
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
(I) Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	19	192.21	192.16
(b) Other equity	20	2,324.44	2,145.37
Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent		2,516.65	2,337.53
Non-controlling interests		404.47	406.07
Total equity		2,921.12	2,743.60
(II) Liabilities			
(1) Non current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	21	292.69	54.70
(ii) Lease Liabilities		83.64	91.74
(iii) Other financial liabilities	22	24.20	17.73
(b) Provisions	23	7.01	5.76
(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	44	167.85	179.79
(d) Other non-current liabilities	24	13.79	14.65
Total non current liabilities		589.18	364.37
(2) Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	25	1,015.81	1,266.77
(ii) Lease Liabilities		23.74	19.79
(iii) Trade Payables	26		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		40.68	26.08
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		587.09	678.25
(iv) Other financial liabilities	27	240.53	203.13
(b) Other current liabilities	28	176.07	96.55
(c) Provisions	29	68.98	85.14
(d) Current tax liabilities (net)		40.07	2.27
Total current liabilities		2,192.97	2,377.98
Total liabilities		2,782.15	2,742.35
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		5,703.27	5,485.95

The Notes 1 to 58 form an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

As per our report of even date attached

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number 101248W/W-100022

KOOSAI LEHERY

Partner

Membership Number: 112399

Mumbai, May 8, 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Godrej Agrovet Limited

(CIN:L15410MH1991PLC135359)

N. B. GODREJ

Chairman

DIN: 00066195

B.S.YADAV

Managing Director

DIN: 00294803

S. VARADARAJ

Chief Financial Officer

ICAI Memb. No. 047959

Mumbai, May 8, 2024

VIVEK RAIZADA

Company Secretary

ICSI Memb. No. ACS11787

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss

for the year ended March 31, 2024

Particulars	Note No.	(₹ in crore)	
		For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
I. Revenue from Operations	30		
Sale of products		9,526.45	9,352.81
Other operating revenue		34.10	20.87
Total Revenue From Operations		9,560.55	9,373.68
II. Other income	31	41.32	107.50
III. Total Income		9,601.87	9,481.18
IV. Expenses			
Cost of materials consumed	32	7,097.94	7,245.14
Purchases of Stock-in-Trade	33	180.84	183.96
Changes in inventories of finished goods, Stock under cultivation, Work in progress and Stock-in-Trade	34	(35.05)	(40.05)
Employee benefits expense	35	539.12	453.41
Finance costs	36	107.87	99.12
Depreciation and amortization expenses	37	214.29	185.47
Other Expenses	38	1,076.25	1,008.43
Total Expenses		9,181.26	9,135.48
V. Profit before Tax and Share of Equity Accounted Investees		420.61	345.70
Share of profit of equity-accounted investees, net of tax		52.04	31.98
VI. Profit Before Tax		472.65	377.68
VII. Tax expense:			
1. Current Tax	43	118.99	75.03
2. Deferred Tax		(5.79)	7.29
		113.20	82.32
VIII. Profit for the year		359.45	295.36
IX. Other comprehensive income			
(A) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurements of defined benefit liability		(1.46)	(2.63)
Changes in Fair Value of investment in equity shares		(0.34)	(4.74)
Equity accounted investee's share of other comprehensive income		0.78	0.01
Income tax related to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		0.47	1.87
		(0.55)	(5.49)
(B) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
Exchange difference on translation of financial statements of foreign operations		(1.08)	0.80
Income tax related to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
		(1.08)	0.80
Other comprehensive income for the year		(1.63)	(4.69)
X. Total comprehensive income for the year (VIII+IX)		357.82	290.67
Profit attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Company		359.67	301.91
Non-controlling interest		(0.22)	(6.55)
		359.45	295.36
XI. Other comprehensive income is attributable to :			
Equity holders of the Company		(1.22)	(4.56)
Non Controlling interests		(0.41)	(0.13)
		(1.63)	(4.69)
XII. Total comprehensive income is attributable to :			
Equity holders of the Company		358.45	297.35
Non Controlling interests		(0.63)	(6.68)
		357.82	290.67
XIII. Earnings per equity share	39		
(Nominal value of ₹ 10 each, fully paid-up)			
Basic (₹)		18.71	15.71
Diluted (₹)		18.71	15.71

The Notes 1 to 58 form an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements
As per our report of even date attached

For B S R & Co. LLP

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KOOSAI LEHERY

Partner

Membership Number: 112399

Mumbai, May 8, 2024

S. VARADARAJ

Chief Financial Officer

ICAI Memb. No. 047959

Mumbai, May 8, 2024

VIVEK RAIZADA

Company Secretary

ICSI Memb. No. ACS11787

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended March 31, 2024

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the period ended March 31, 2023
A. Cash Flow from Operating Activities :		
Net Profit Before Taxes	472.65	377.68
Adjustment for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	214.29	185.47
(Profit)/Loss on sale of Property, plant and equipment	3.00	(69.42)
(Profit)/Loss on sale of Investments (net)	(0.07)	(0.03)
Unrealised foreign exchange (gain)/loss (net)	(0.47)	(0.04)
Dividend income	(0.21)	(0.18)
Grant amortisation	(1.48)	(1.25)
Interest income	(10.29)	(11.30)
Employee share based compensation cost	3.22	3.04
Share of equity-accounted investees, net of tax	(52.04)	(31.98)
Net (gain)/loss on lease modification	-	(0.07)
Finance Cost	107.87	99.12
Allowances for Doubtful Debts and Advances	0.71	(3.65)
Liabilities no longer required written back	(2.45)	(3.46)
Change in fair value of biological assets	(7.06)	(3.05)
Bad Debts Written off	27.21	34.91
	282.23	198.11
Operating Profit Before Working Capital Changes	754.88	575.79
Adjustments for:		
(Increase) / Decrease in Inventories	(38.89)	84.67
(Increase) / Decrease in Biological assets other than bearer plants	(2.61)	(27.77)
(Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables	26.55	346.06
(Increase) / Decrease in Current / Non-current Financial assets- Loans	0.22	(0.35)
(Increase) / Decrease in Non-current Financial assets /Current Financial assets- Others	8.91	3.03
(Increase) / Decrease in Other Current / Non-current assets & provision for sales return	(5.82)	(33.12)
Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables and acceptances	(73.26)	12.97
Increase / (Decrease) in Current / Non-current Provisions	(1.24)	(7.07)
Increase / (Decrease) in Current / Non-current Financial liabilities- Others	52.78	(1.94)
Increase / (Decrease) in Other current / Non-current liabilities	80.15	15.07
	46.79	391.55
Cash Generated from Operations	801.67	967.34
Direct Taxes paid (net of refunds received)	(123.67)	(93.32)
Net Cash generated from operating activities	678.00	874.02
B. Cash Flow from Investing Activities :		
Acquisition of Property, plant and equipment	(384.38)	(359.21)
Proceeds from sale of Property, plant and equipment	7.52	79.89
Loans given	(12.00)	(32.77)
Loans repaid	2.98	2.18
Purchase of Investments	(8.01)	(2.50)
Proceeds from sale of investments	8.43	9.71
Deposits Redeemed/(placed)	(0.32)	-
Interest Received	10.19	11.43
Dividend Received	48.25	7.02
Net Cash Flow used in Investing Activities	(327.34)	(284.25)

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the period ended March 31, 2023
C. Cash Flow from Financing Activities :		
Proceeds from exercise of ESOP shares	0.05	0.05
Repayment of Short Term Borrowings	(6,316.13)	(5,491.63)
Proceeds from Short Term Borrowings	6,108.62	5,213.26
Repayment of Long Term Borrowings	(91.52)	(68.98)
Proceeds from Long Term Borrowings	286.06	102.83
Finance Cost	(101.35)	(95.59)
Repayment of lease liability	(29.76)	(15.37)
Dividend Paid	(183.59)	(183.62)
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	-	(55.36)
Net Cash Flow used in Financing Activities	(327.62)	(594.41)
Net increase / (decrease) in Cash and Cash equivalents	23.04	(4.64)
Cash and Cash equivalents (Opening balance)	26.72	31.36
Cash and Cash equivalents (Closing balance) (refer note 14)	49.76	26.72

- The above cash flow statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Indian Accounting standard 7 Cash Flow Statement notified u/s 133 of Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015, as amended and the relevant provisions of the Act.
- Figures in bracket indicate cash outflow.
- Movement in borrowings

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	April 1, 2023	Cash Flow	Non-cash changes	March 31, 2024
Long term borrowings (including current maturities)	145.95	194.54	-	340.49
Short term borrowings	1,175.52	(207.51)	-	968.01
Total borrowings	1,321.47	(12.97)	-	1,308.50

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	April 1, 2022	Cash Flows	Non-cash changes	March 31, 2023
Long term borrowings (including current maturities)	112.10	33.85	-	145.95
Short term borrowings	1,453.89	(278.37)	-	1,175.52
Total borrowings	1,565.99	(244.52)	-	1,321.47

The notes 1 to 58 form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.
 As per our report of even date attached

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number 101248W/W-100022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Godrej Agrovet Limited

(CIN:L15410MH1991PLC135359)

N. B. GODREJ

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DIN: 00066195

B.S.YADAV

Managing Director

DIN: 00294803

KOOSAI LEHERY

Partner

Membership Number: 112399

Mumbai, May 8, 2024

S. VARADARAJ

Chief Financial Officer

ICAI Memb. No. 047959

Mumbai, May 8, 2024

VIVEK RAIZADA

Company Secretary

ICSI Memb. No. ACS11787

Consolidated Statement of changes in equity

for the year ended March 31, 2024

(a) Equity share capital

Particulars	As at		As at	
	March 31, 2024	192.16	March 31, 2023	192.11
Balance at the beginning of the reporting year				
Changes in Equity share capital during the year (refer note 19)		0.05		0.05
Balance at the end of the reporting year		192.21		192.16

(b) Other equity

Particulars	Retained Earnings	Capital Reserve	General Reserve	Debt redemption reserve	Employee share option outstanding	Securities Premium	Non Controlling Interest Reserve	Effective portion of Cash Flow Hedges	Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of a foreign operation	Total attributable to the owners of the Company	Non - Controlling Interest	Total	Total
Balance at April 1, 2023	1,878.21	1.73	18.14	-	5.79	433.89	(185.65)	0.02	(6.76)	2,145.37	406.07	2,551.44	
Total comprehensive income for the year													
Profit for the year	359.67									359.67	(0.22)	359.45	
Other comprehensive income for the year	(0.14)								(1.08)	(1.22)	(0.41)	(1.63)	
Total comprehensive income for the year	359.53								(1.08)	358.45	(0.63)	357.82	
Contributions and distributions													
Dividends	(182.60)									(182.60)	(1.06)	(183.66)	
Others													
Employee compensation expenses recognised during the year					3.22					3.22		3.22	
Transfer to Debt Redemption Reserve	(9.90)			9.90									
Exercise of Employee stock grants					(2.40)	2.40				(0.00)		0.09	
Balance at March 31, 2024	2,045.24	1.73	18.14	9.90	6.61	436.29	(185.65)	0.02	(7.84)	2,324.44	404.47	2,728.91	
Balance at April 1, 2022	1,764.20	1.73	18.14	-	5.10	431.55	(136.89)	0.02	(7.55)	2,076.30	420.27	2,496.57	
Total comprehensive income for the year													
Profit for the year	301.91									301.91	(6.55)	295.36	
Other comprehensive income for the year	(5.35)								0.79	(4.56)	(0.13)	(4.89)	
Total comprehensive income for the year	296.56								0.79	297.36	(6.68)	290.67	
As Per Godrej Seeds and Genetics Limited Merger Scheme approved by Bombay High Court													
Contributions and distributions													
Dividends	(182.55)									(182.55)	(1.08)	(183.63)	
Others													
Employee compensation expenses recognised during the year					3.03					3.03		3.03	
Exercise of Employee stock grants					(2.34)	2.34						0.16	
Acquisition of non-controlling interests (refer note 55)							(48.76)			(48.76)	(6.60)	(55.36)	
Balance at March 31, 2023	1,878.21	1.73	18.14	-	5.79	433.89	(185.65)	0.02	(6.76)	2,145.37	406.07	2,551.44	

The Notes 1 to 58 form an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

As per our report of even date attached

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Partner

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Mumbai, May 8, 2024

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Chief Financial Officer

ICAI Memb. No. 047959

Mumbai, May 8, 2024

VIVEK RAIZADA

Company Secretary

ICSI Memb. No. ACS11787

Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statement

Note 1. Material Accounting Policies

1. General information

Godrej Agrovat Ltd. (“the Company” or “Parent”) is a public limited Company, which is domiciled and incorporated in the Republic of India with its registered office situated at 3rd Floor, Godrej One, Pirojshanagar, Vikhroli (East), Mumbai – 400 079. The Company and its subsidiaries (the “Group”), its joint ventures and its associates is a diversified agribusiness Group and its principal activities include manufacturing and marketing of high quality animal feed, innovative crop protection & agricultural inputs, palm oil & allied products, poultry and processed food & milk and milk products.

2. Basis of preparation and presentation

(i) Basis of preparation:

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (“Ind AS”) as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (‘Act’) read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and other relevant provisions of the Act.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended March 31, 2024 were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on May 8, 2024.

Current versus non-current classification

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Group’s normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time taken between acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the Group has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of classification of assets and liabilities into current and non-current.

(ii) Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) that are measured at fair value (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments)
- asset held for sale and biological Assets – measured at fair value less cost to sell;
- defined benefit plans – plan assets measured at fair value less present value of defined benefit obligation; and
- share-based payments

(iii) Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees, which is the Group’s functional currency. All amounts have been rounded off to the nearest crore, unless otherwise indicated. The amount reflected as “0.00” in Financials are value with less than one lakh.

3. Basis of consolidation

The Consolidated Financial Statements (CFS) comprises the Financial Statements of Godrej Agrovat Limited (“the Company”) and its Subsidiaries (herein after referred together as “the Group”), Joint Ventures and Associates. The CFS of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards on “Consolidated Financial Statements” (Ind AS 110), “Joint Arrangements” (Ind AS 111), “Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities” (Ind AS 112), “Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures” (Ind AS 28) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013

(i) Subsidiaries :

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases. When the Company loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognizes the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, and any related NCI and other components of equity. Any interest retained in the former subsidiary is measured at fair value at the date the control is lost. Any resulting gain or loss is recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

The financial statement of the Company, its Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and Associates used in consolidation procedure are drawn upto the same reporting date i.e. March 31,2024. The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Group. The Group combines the financial statements of the parent and its subsidiaries line by line adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses. Inter Group transactions, balances and unrealized gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed wherever necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non -controlling interests (NCI) in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in consolidated statement of profit and loss, consolidated statement of changes in equity and balance sheet respectively and are measured at proportionate share of the acquiree's net fair value of identifiable assets at the date of acquisition. Changes in the Group's equity interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions.

(ii) Equity method :

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognized at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Group's share of other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income.

When the Group's share of losses in an equity-accounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, then unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity, Group does not recognize further losses, Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its equity accounted investees are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in these entities. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of equity accounted investees have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

4 Business combinations

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises the

- Fair value of the assets transferred;
- Liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquired business;
- Equity interests issued by the Group
- Fair value of any asset or liability resulting from contingent consideration arrangement

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognizes any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis either at their fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquired entity's net identifiable assets.

Acquisition related costs are expenses as incurred.

The excess of the

- Consideration transferred;
- Amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity; and
- Acquisition date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquired entity over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired, the difference is recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as capital reserve provided there is clear evidence of the underlying reasons for classifying the business combination as a bargain purchase. In other cases, the bargain purchase gain is recognized directly in equity as capital reserve.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date. Any gains arising from such remeasurement are recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss or Other Comprehensive Income, as appropriate.

5. Key estimates and assumptions

While preparing consolidated financial statements in conformity with Ind AS, the management has made certain estimates and assumptions that require subjective and complex judgments. These judgments affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, disclosure of contingent liabilities at the statement of financial position date and the reported amount of income and expenses for the reporting period. Future events rarely develop exactly as forecasted and the best estimates require adjustments, as actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively.

Judgement, estimates and assumptions are required in particular for:

- **Determination of the estimated useful lives**

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment are based on the life prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. In cases, where the useful lives are different from that prescribed in Schedule II and in case of intangible assets, they are based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating conditions of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers' warranties and maintenance support.

- **Recognition and measurement of defined benefit obligations**

The obligation arising from defined benefit plan is determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions. Key actuarial assumptions include discount rate, trends in salary escalation, actuarial rates and life expectancy. The discount rate is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. The period to maturity of the underlying bonds correspond to the probable maturity of the post-employment benefit obligations. Due to complexities involved in the valuation and its long term nature, defined benefit obligation is sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting period.

- **Recognition and measurement of Long term employee incentives**

Accrual for long term employee incentive scheme liability requires estimates and judgements in respect of achievement of parameters of business performance. These estimates are based on past performance, approved budgets and plans and other relevant information considered on a best estimate basis as at the reporting date.

- **Recognition of deferred tax assets**

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences of temporary differences between the carrying values of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases, and unutilized business loss and depreciation carry-forwards and tax credits. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses, depreciation carry-forwards and unused tax credits could be utilized.

- **Recognition and measurement of provisions**

- a. Provision for sales returns

The Group makes a provision for estimated sales returns, based on its historical experience and is dependent on other relevant factors.

- b. Provision for doubtful trade receivables

The Group has large number of individual small customers. Management assesses the level of allowance for doubtful debts after taking into account ageing analysis and any other factor specific to individual counterparty and a collective estimate based on historical experience adjusted for certain current factors.

- c. The recognition and measurement of other provisions are based on the assessment of the probability of an outflow of resources, and on past experience and circumstances known at the balance sheet date. The actual outflow of resources at a future date may therefore, vary from the amount included in other provisions.

- **Discounting of long-term financial assets / liabilities**

All financial assets / liabilities are required to be measured at fair value on initial recognition. In case of financial liabilities/assets which are required to subsequently be measured at amortized cost, interest is accrued using the effective interest method.

- **Fair valuation of employee share options**

The fair valuation of the employee share options is based on the Black-Scholes model used for valuation of options. Key assumptions made with respect to expected volatility includes share price, expected dividends and discount rate, under this option pricing model.

- **Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease**

The Group evaluates if an arrangement qualifies to be a lease as per the requirements of Ind AS 116. Identification of a lease requires significant judgment. The Group uses significant judgment in assessing the lease term (including anticipated renewals) and the applicable discount rate.

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease, together with both periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the Group is reasonably certain not to exercise that option. In assessing whether the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend a lease, or not to exercise an option to terminate a lease, it considers all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the Group to exercise the option to extend the lease, or not to exercise the option to terminate the lease. The Group revises the lease term if there is a change in the non-cancellable period of a lease.

The discount rate is generally based on the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease being evaluated or for a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.

- **Rebates**

Rebates are generally provided to distributors or customers as an incentive to sell the Group's products. Rebates are based on purchases made during the period by distributor / customer. The Group determines the estimates of rebate accruals primarily based on the contracts entered into with their distributors / customers and the information received for sales made by them.

- **Impairment of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful life**

The Group estimates the value-in-use of the cash generating units (CGUs) based on the future cash flows after considering current economic conditions and trends, estimated future operating results and growth rate and anticipated future economic and regulatory conditions. The estimated cash flows are developed using internal forecasts. The discount rates used for the CGUs represent the weighted average cost of capital based on the historical market returns of comparable companies.

- **Fair value of financial instruments**

Derivatives are carried at fair value. Derivatives includes foreign currency forward contracts and commodity. Fair value of foreign currency forward contracts are determined using the fair value reports provided by respective bankers.

- **Biological Assets**

Management uses inputs relating to production and market prices in determining the fair value of biological assets.

6. Measurement of fair values

The Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values for, both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.

The Group has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. The management regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the management assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that such valuations meet the requirements of Ind AS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which such valuations should be classified.

When measuring the fair value of a financial asset or a financial liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Group recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

7. Recent pronouncements:

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issue from time to time. On March 31, 2024, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the company.

8. Changes in material accounting policies:

- The Company previously accounted for deferred tax on leases and decommissioning liabilities by applying the "integrally linked" approach, resulting in a similar outcome as under the amendments, except that the deferred tax asset or liability was recognized on a net basis. Following the amendments, the Company has recognized a separate deferred tax asset in relation to its lease liabilities and a deferred tax liability in relation to its right of use assets as at 1st April 2022 and thereafter. However, there was no impact on the balance sheet because the balances qualify for offset under paragraph 74 under IND AS 12. There was also no impact on the opening retained earning as at 1st April 2022 as a result of the change. The key impact for the company relates to disclosure of the deferred tax assets and liabilities recognized.
- Material accounting policy information

The company adopted Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IND AS 1) from 1st April 2023. Although the amendments did not result in any changes in the accounting policies themselves, they impacted the accounting policy information disclosed in the financial statements.

The amendments require the disclosure of 'material' rather than 'significant' accounting policies. The amendments also provide guidance on the application of materiality to disclosure of accounting policies, assisting entities to provide useful, entity specific accounting policy information that users need to understand other information in the financial statement.

9. Material accounting policies

A. Revenue and Other income

i. Sale of goods

Revenue towards satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured at the amount of transaction price (net of variable consideration) allocated to that performance obligation. The transaction price of goods sold and services rendered is net of variable consideration on account of various discounts and schemes offered by the Group as part of the contract. Discounts given by the Group includes trade discounts, volume rebates and other incentive given to the customers. Accumulated experience is used to estimate the provision for discounts. Revenue is only recognized to the extent that it is highly probable a significant reversal will not occur.

Revenue from the sale of goods are recognized when control of the goods has transferred to our customer and when there are no longer any unfulfilled obligations to the customer. Depending on the contractual terms with the customers, this can be either at the time of dispatch or delivery of goods. This is considered the appropriate point where the performance obligations in our contracts are satisfied as the Group no longer have control over the inventory.

Our customers have the contractual right to return goods only when authorized by the Group. As at 31 March 2023, an estimate has been made of goods that will be returned and a liability has been recognized for this amount. An asset has also been recorded for the corresponding inventory that is estimated to return to the Group using a best estimate based on historical experience.

ii. Dividend income

Dividend income is recognized only when the right to receive the same is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group, and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably.

iii. Interest income

For all financial instruments measured at amortized cost, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR), which is the rate that discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instruments or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial assets. Interest income is included in other income in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

iv. Subsequent remeasurement of the contingent consideration which represents a financial liability or asset, is recognized through profit and loss account.

B. Foreign currency

i. Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of the Group at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions or an average rate if the average rate approximates the actual rate at the date of the transaction.

Foreign currency transactions are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currency, using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. At each balance sheet date, foreign currency monetary items are reported using the closing exchange rate. Exchange differences that arise on settlement of monetary items or on reporting at each balance sheet date of the Group's monetary items at the closing rate are recognized as income and expenses in the period in which they arise.

Exchange differences are generally recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except exchange differences arising from the translation of the following item which are recognized in OCI:

On consolidation, the assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into INR at the rate of exchange prevailing at the reporting date and their statements of profit and loss are translated at average rate during the year. The exchange differences arising on translation for consolidation are recognized in other comprehensive income. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognized in statement of profit and loss.

C. Employee benefits

i. Short term employee benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering services are classified as short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Short-term benefits such as salaries, wages, short-term compensation absences, etc., are determined on an undiscounted basis and recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

ii. Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans such as Provident Fund and Family pension maintained with Regional Provident Fund Office are expensed as the related service is provided.

iii. Defined benefit plans

The following post – employment benefit plans are covered under the defined benefit plans:

- Provident Fund Contributions other than those made to the Regional Provident Fund Office of the Government which are made to the Trust administered by the Group.

The Group's contribution to the Provident Fund Trust as established by the Group, is also considered as a Defined Benefit Plan because, as per the rules of Group's Provident Fund Scheme, 1952, if the return on investment is less than the guaranteed rate of return for any reason, then the deficiency shall be made good by the Group. The Group's net obligations in respect of such plans is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that the employees have earned in return for their services and the current and prior periods that benefit is discounted to determine its present value and the fair value of the plan asset is deducted.

The Group's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

- Gratuity Fund

The Group provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan covering eligible employees. The Gratuity Plan provides a lump-sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment with the Group. The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Group, the recognized asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income (OCI). They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet.

iv. Other long-term employee benefits

Liability toward long-term Compensated Absences are provided for on the basis of an actuarial valuation, using the Projected Unit Credit Method, as at the date of the Balance Sheet. Actuarial gains / losses comprising of experience adjustments and the effects of changes in actuarial assumptions are immediately recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

Other long term employee benefits include payable in respect of long term incentive scheme recorded by estimating the possible cash outflows based on assessment of parameters of the scheme and discounted at present value.

v. Terminal Benefits:

All terminal benefits are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

D. Income Tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognized directly in equity or in the OCI.

i. Current tax

Current tax is the amount of tax payable (recoverable) in respect of the taxable profit / (tax loss) for the year determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income-Tax Act, 1961. Current income tax for current and prior periods is recognized at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the Group:

- has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts; and
- intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

ii. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognized for:

- temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss;
- temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries and associates to the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Taxes relating to items recognized directly in equity or OCI is recognized in equity or OCI and not in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if:

- a) the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- b) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity.

E. Inventories

Inventories are carried in the consolidated balance sheet as follows:

- (a) Raw materials, Packing materials, Stock in Trade and Stores & Spares: At lower of cost, on weighted average basis and net realizable value.
- (b) Work-in-progress / project in progress -: At lower of cost of materials, plus appropriate production overheads and net realizable value.
- (c) Finished Goods-: At lower of cost of materials, plus appropriate production overheads and net realizable value.

The cost of inventories have been computed to include all cost of purchases, cost of conversion and other related costs incurred in bringing the inventories to the present location and condition. Slow and non-moving material, obsolescence, defective inventories are duly provided for and valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Goods and materials in transit are valued at actual cost incurred upto the date of balance sheet. Materials and supplies held for use in the production of inventories are not written down if the finished products in which they will be used are expected to be sold at or above cost.

- (d) Land development project in progress includes cost of land, development management fees, construction cost, allocated interest and expenses attributable to the construction of the project undertaken by the Group.

F. Property, plant and equipment

i. Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises:

- a) its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates.
- b) any direct cost attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

- c) the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located, the obligation for which an entity incurs either when the item is acquired or as a consequence of having used the item during a particular period for purposes other than to produce inventories during that period.

Income and expenses related to the incidental operations, not necessary to bring the item to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, are recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted and depreciated for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when there is no future economic benefits expected from its use or disposal.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

On transition to Ind AS, the Group had elected to continue with the carrying value of all its property, plant and equipment as recognized as at April 01, 2015 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the property, plant and equipment.

ii. Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group and cost can be measured reliably

iii. Depreciation/ Amortizations

Depreciation on tangible fixed assets is provided in accordance with the provisions of Schedule II of the Companies Act 2013, on Straight Line Method. Depreciation on additions / deductions is calculated on pro rata basis from/up to the month of additions/deductions. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. In case of the following category of property, plant and equipment, the depreciation has been provided based on the technical specifications, external & internal assessment, requirement of refurbishments and past experience of the remaining useful life which is different from the useful life as specified in Schedule II to the Act:

- (a) Plant and Machinery : - 20 Years
- (b) Computer Hardware, Crates, cans and milko testers:
Depreciated over the estimated useful life of 4 years.
- (c) Leasehold Land:
Amortized over the lease term.
- (d) Leasehold improvements and equipment:
Amortized over the Primary lease period.

Assets costing less than ₹ 5,000 are fully depreciated in the year of purchase/acquisition.

Property, plant and equipment with finite life are evaluated for recoverability whenever there is any indication that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount (i.e higher of the fair value less cost to sell and value in use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

G. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of a qualifying asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset till the date it is ready for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

H. Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker.

I. Intangible assets

Recognition and measurement

Intangible assets are recognized when it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the assets will flow to the Group and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably.

Intangible assets viz. Technical Know-how fees, Grant of Licenses and Computer software, which are acquired by the Group and have finite useful lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses, if any except goodwill. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired and measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Amortization

Amortization is calculated to write off the cost of intangible assets less their estimated residual values using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, and is generally recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The intangible assets are amortised over the estimated useful lives as given below:

- Computer Software : 6 years
- Technical Know-how of a capital nature & Product Registration expenses : 6 years
- Brands : 20 years
- Non compete Right : Amortized over the period of the agreement.

Amortization methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

Research and Development Expenditure

Research Expenditure:

Revenue expenditure on research & development is charged to the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss of the year in which it is incurred.

Capital expenditure incurred during the period on research & development is accounted for as an addition to intangible assets.

J. Share-based payments:

- a. Employees of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments (equity-settled transactions).
- b. The cost of equity-settled transactions is determined by the fair value at the date when the grant is made using an appropriate valuation model.
- c. That cost is recognized, together with a corresponding increase in share-based payment reserves in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognized for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest.
- d. The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

K. Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Financial instruments also include derivative contracts such as foreign currency foreign exchange forward contracts and commodity futures contracts.

Financial instruments also covers contracts to buy or sell a non-financial item that can be settled net in cash or another financial instrument, or by exchanging financial instruments, as if the contracts were financial instruments, with the exception of contracts that were entered into and continue to be held for the purpose of the receipt or delivery of a non-financial item in accordance with the entity's expected purchase, sale or usage requirements.

Derivatives are currently recognized at fair value on the date on which the derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period.

Any gain or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

i. Financial assets

Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- Where assets are measured at fair value, gains and losses are either recognized entirely in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (i.e. fair value through profit or loss), or recognized in Other Comprehensive Income (i.e. fair value through other comprehensive income).
- A financial asset that meets the following two conditions is measured at amortized cost (net of any write down for impairment) unless the asset is designated at fair value through profit or loss under the fair value option.

Business model test: The objective of the Group's business model is to hold the financial asset to collect the contractual cash flows (rather than to sell the instrument prior to its contractual maturity to realize its fair value changes).

Cash flow characteristics test: The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Initial recognition & measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not recorded at fair value through the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. However, trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at transaction price.

Equity investments (other than investments in associates and joint venture)

- All equity investments in scope of Ind-AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Group decides to classify the same either as at FVOCI or FVTPL. The Group makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.
- If the Group decides to classify an equity instrument as FVOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to profit and loss, even on sale of investment. However, the Group may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.
- Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e. removed from the Group's Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Group applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortized cost e.g., loans, deposits, and bank balance.

- b) Trade receivables - The application of simplified approach does not require the Group to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. Trade receivables are tested for impairment on a specific basis after considering the sanctioned credit limits, security like letters of credit, security deposit collected etc. and expectations about future cash flows.

ii. Financial liabilities

Classification

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

The Group classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortized cost, except for financial liabilities at fair value through the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. Such liabilities, including derivatives that are liabilities, shall be subsequently measured at fair value.

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable and incremental transaction cost.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, financial guarantee contracts and derivative financial instruments.

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognized initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind-AS 109 and the amount recognized less cumulative amortization.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Derivative financial instruments

The Group uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts to hedge its foreign currency risks and interest rate risks respectively. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value.

Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

L. Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The expenses relating to a provision is presented in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss net of any reimbursement. If the projected obligation declines as a result of a change in the estimate, the provision is reversed by the corresponding amount and the resulting income recognized in the expenses in which the original charge was recognized.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognized as finance cost.

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but will probably not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation of a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision disclosure is made.

A contingent asset is not recognized but disclosed in the consolidated financial statements where an inflow of economic benefit is probable.

Commitments includes the amount of purchase order (net of advance) issued to parties for completion of assets.

Provisions, contingent assets, contingent liabilities and commitments are reviewed at each balance sheet date.

M. Leases

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Group recognizes right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term at the lease commencement date. The cost of the right-of-use asset measured at inception shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset or restoring the underlying asset or site on which it is located. The right-of-use assets is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The right-of-use assets is depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or useful life of right-of-use asset. The estimated useful lives of right-of use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment. Right-of-use assets are tested for impairment whenever there is any indication that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Impairment loss, if any, is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

The Group measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses incremental borrowing rate. For leases with reasonably similar characteristics, the Group, on a lease by lease basis, may adopt either the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease or the incremental borrowing rate for the portfolio as a whole. The lease payments shall include fixed payments, variable lease payments, residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option where the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease. The lease liability is subsequently remeasured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made and remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments. The Group recognizes the amount of the re-measurement of lease liability due to modification as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset and statement of profit and loss depending upon the nature of modification. Where the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is reduced to zero and there is a further reduction in the measurement of the lease liability, the Group recognizes any remaining amount of the re-measurement in statement of profit and loss.

The Group has elected not to apply the requirements of Ind AS 116 Leases to short-term leases of all assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

N. Impairment of non-financial assets

Goodwill and intangible assets that have infinite useful life are not subjected to amortization and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired and measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The carrying values of other assets/cash generating units at each balance sheet date are reviewed for impairment if any indication of impairment exists. If the carrying amount of the assets exceed the estimated recoverable amount, an impairment is recognized for such excess amount in the statement of Profit and Loss.

The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and their value in use. Value in use is arrived at by discounting the future cash flows to their present value based on an appropriate discount factor that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the asset.

When there is indication that an impairment loss recognized for an asset (other than a revalued asset) in earlier accounting periods which no longer exists or may have decreased, such reversal of impairment loss is recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, to the extent the amount was previously charged to the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. In case of revalued assets, such reversal is not recognized and impairment loss recognized in respect of goodwill is not subsequently reversed. The Group also determines the recoverable amount using market capitalization method, where applicable.

O. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the Consolidated balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Group's cash management.

P. Government Grants

Grants are recognized when there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with.

When the grant relates to an asset, the cost of the asset is shown at gross value and grant thereon is treated as a deferred grant which is recognized as income in the consolidated statement of profit and loss over the period and in proportion in which depreciation is charged.

Revenue grants are recognized in the consolidated statement of profit and loss in the same period as the related cost which they are intended to compensate are accounted for.

Q. Earnings Per Share ("EPS")

The basic Earnings Per Share ("EPS") is computed by dividing the net profit / (loss) after tax for the year attributable to the equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, net profit/(loss) after tax for the year attributable to the equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

R. Biological assets

Biological assets are measured at fair value less costs to sell, with any change therein recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Note 2 : Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Freehold Land (refer note 2.1)	Buildings (refer note 2.1)	Plant and Machinery	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicles	Office & Others Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Livestock used for R&D	Total
As at March 31, 2024									
Gross Block									
As at April 1, 2023	372.89	771.13	1,513.11	22.46	55.98	119.17	4.68	1.04	2,860.46
Additions	53.36	98.79	192.63	9.01	15.93	29.31	0.18	0.18	399.39
Disposals	-	(0.11)	(10.19)	(0.25)	(5.14)	(2.02)	(0.00)	(0.03)	(17.74)
As at March 31, 2024	426.25	869.81	1,695.55	31.22	66.77	146.46	4.86	1.19	3,242.11
Accumulated Depreciation									
As at April 1, 2023	-	141.91	630.42	11.65	25.29	47.71	2.82	0.24	860.04
Charge for the year	-	31.27	127.48	2.69	5.78	17.77	0.36	0.10	185.45
Disposals	-	(0.03)	(7.96)	(0.17)	(1.70)	(1.75)	(0.00)	(0.01)	(11.62)
As at March 31, 2024	-	173.15	749.94	14.17	29.37	63.73	3.18	0.33	1,033.87
Net Block as at March 31, 2024	426.25	696.66	945.61	17.05	37.40	82.73	1.68	0.86	2,208.24
As at March 31, 2023									
Gross Block									
As at April 1, 2022	373.25	721.10	1,379.67	20.52	48.82	92.00	4.68	0.49	2,640.53
Additions	0.10	54.11	138.17	1.94	13.72	27.81	-	0.59	236.44
Disposals	(0.46)	(4.08)	(4.73)	-	(6.56)	(0.64)	-	(0.04)	(16.51)
As at March 31, 2023	372.89	771.13	1,513.11	22.46	55.98	119.17	4.68	1.04	2,860.46
Accumulated Depreciation									
As at April 1, 2022	-	114.60	513.55	9.73	22.33	35.98	2.45	0.20	698.84
Charge for the year	-	27.52	119.69	1.92	5.40	12.29	0.37	0.05	167.24
Disposals	-	(0.21)	(2.82)	(0.00)	(2.44)	(0.56)	-	(0.01)	(6.04)
As at March 31, 2023	-	141.91	630.42	11.65	25.29	47.71	2.82	0.24	860.04
Net Block as at March 31, 2023	372.89	629.22	882.69	10.81	30.69	71.46	1.86	0.80	2,000.42

Note 2.1: Legal formalities relating to the transfer of title of immovable assets situated at Ariyalur & Varanavasi (as part of the merger of Cauvery Oil Palm Limited), are being complied with. Stamp duty payable thereon is not presently determinable.

Note 3 : Capital Work In Progress

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Amount
As at March 31, 2024	
Cost	
As at April 1, 2023	189.91
Additions during the year	276.69
Capitalised during the year	(293.44)
As at March 31, 2024	173.16
As at March 31, 2023	
As at April 1, 2022	80.92
Additions during the year	300.83
Capitalised during the year	(191.84)
As at March 31, 2023	189.91

Note: Capital work in progress includes borrowing cost capitalised during the year of ₹ 8.59 crore (Previous Year ₹ 1.81 crore).

Capital Work in progress (CWIP) ageing

As at March 31, 2024

(₹ in Crore)

Particulars	Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress	134.13	37.58	0.07	-	171.78
Projects temporarily suspended *	-	-	-	1.38	1.38
TOTAL	134.13	37.58	0.07	1.38	173.16

* Expected to be put to use by March 31, 2025.

As at March 31, 2023

(₹ in Crore)

Particulars	Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress	175.70	12.20	0.36	0.27	188.53
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	1.38	1.38
TOTAL	175.70	12.20	0.36	1.65	189.91

Project execution plans are modulated basis capacity requirement assessment and all the projects are executed as per rolling annual plan.

Note 4 : Right of use Assets

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Buildings	Land	Vehicles	Total
Cost				
As at April 1, 2023	127.15	97.02	20.90	245.07
Additions	17.13	8.61	3.32	29.06
Disposals	(6.06)	(4.45)	(1.97)	(12.48)
As at March 31, 2024	138.22	101.18	22.25	261.65
Accumulated depreciation and impairment				
As at April 1, 2023	30.49	4.90	11.71	47.10
Depreciation	18.61	1.04	4.95	24.60
Disposals	(4.79)	(0.05)	(1.97)	(6.81)
As at March 31, 2024	44.31	5.89	14.69	64.89
Carrying amounts				
As at April 1, 2023	96.66	92.12	9.19	197.97
As at March 31, 2024	93.91	95.29	7.56	196.76

Particulars	Buildings	Land	Vehicles	Total
Cost				
As at April 1, 2022	46.50	94.44	11.19	152.13
Additions	81.65	2.58	9.71	93.94
Disposals	(1.00)	-	-	(1.00)
As at March 31, 2023	127.15	97.02	20.90	245.07
Accumulated depreciation and impairment				
As at April 1, 2022	22.31	3.86	8.08	34.25
Depreciation	8.55	1.04	3.63	13.22
Disposals	(0.37)	-	-	(0.37)
As at March 31, 2023	30.49	4.90	11.71	47.10
Carrying amounts				
As at April 1, 2022	24.19	90.58	3.11	117.88
As at March 31, 2023	96.66	92.12	9.19	197.97

Breakdown of lease expenses

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Short-term lease expense	18.01	21.15
Variable lease expense	2.78	-
Total lease expense	20.79	21.15

Cash outflow on leases

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Repayment of lease liabilities	23.24	11.84
Interest on lease liabilities	6.52	3.53
Short-term lease expense	18.01	21.15
Variable lease expenses (other than short term)	2.78	-
Total cash outflow on leases	50.55	36.52

Maturity analysis of lease liability

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Total Lease Payable	Less than 1 year	1 and 5 years	Over 5 years	Weighted average effective interest rate %
March 31, 2024					
Lease liabilities	137.97	26.57	85.98	25.42	7.25% - 9%
March 31, 2023					
Lease liabilities	143.38	27.54	78.59	37.24	7.25% - 9%

Note 5: Intangible Assets

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Computer Software	Brand	Non -Compete Rights	Product Registration	Total
As at March 31, 2024					
Cost					
As at April 1, 2023	28.20	54.79	13.00	2.77	98.76
Additions	0.94	-	-	1.62	2.56
Disposals	(0.03)	-	-	-	(0.03)
As at March 31, 2024	29.11	54.79	13.00	4.39	101.29
Accumulated amortisation					
As at April 1, 2023	20.31	3.32	1.30	2.71	27.64
Charge for the year	2.52	0.83	1.30	0.27	4.92
Disposals	(0.02)	-	-	-	(0.02)
As at March 31, 2024	22.81	4.15	2.60	2.98	32.54
Net Block as at March 31, 2024	6.30	50.64	10.40	1.41	68.75
As at March 31, 2023					
Cost					
As at April 1, 2022	27.30	54.79	-	2.71	84.80
Additions	0.90	-	13.00	0.06	13.96
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2023	28.20	54.79	13.00	2.77	98.76
Accumulated amortisation					
As at April 1, 2022	17.43	2.49	-	2.71	22.63
Charge for the year	2.88	0.83	1.30	-	5.01
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2023	20.31	3.32	1.30	2.71	27.64
Net Block as at March 31, 2023	7.89	51.47	11.70	0.06	71.12

Note 5 (A): Intangible assets under development (IAUD)

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Amount
As at March 31, 2024	
Cost	
As at April 1, 2023	14.53
Additions during the year	5.81
Capitalized during the year	(1.99)
As at March 31, 2024	18.35
As at March 31, 2023	
As at April 1, 2022	9.32
Additions during the year	5.74
Capitalized during the year	(0.53)
As at March 31, 2023	14.53

Intangible assets under development ageing (IAUD)**As at March 31, 2024**

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Amount in IAUD for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress	5.62	4.71	4.94	3.08	18.35
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	5.62	4.71	4.94	3.08	18.35

As at March 31, 2023

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Amount in IAUD for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress	5.35	6.11	1.37	1.70	14.53
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	5.35	6.11	1.37	1.70	14.53

Project execution plans are modulated basis requirement assessment and all the projects are executed as per rolling annual plan.

Note 6 : Biological Assets other than bearer plants

A. Reconciliation of carrying amount

March 31, 2024

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Oil palm saplings		Cattles		PS Birds / Hatching eggs / Broilers	Total
	Qty.	Amount	Qty.	Amount	Amount	
Balance as April 1, 2023	17,61,541	20.32	1,203	9.40	101.30	131.02
Add:						
Purchases	29,31,037	24.94	308	1.32	89.89	116.15
Production/ Cost of Development	-	12.53	433	5.59	237.34	255.46
Less:						
Sales / Disposals	(12,10,762)	(15.19)	(415)	(3.38)	(351.51)	(370.08)
Change in fair value less cost to sell:	-	2.41	-	0.71	5.02	8.14
Realised (Mortality/sale)	-	(2.58)	-	(0.35)	(20.69)	(23.62)
Unrealised	-	4.99	-	(0.02)	25.71	30.68
Balance as at March 31, 2024	34,81,816	45.01	1,529	13.64	82.04	140.69
Non Current	-	45.01	-	13.64	9.13	67.78
Current	-	-	-	-	72.91	72.91

March 31, 2023

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Oil palm saplings		Cattles		PS Birds / Hatching eggs / Broilers	Total
	Qty.	Amount	Qty.	Amount	Amount	
Balance as April 1, 2022	9,11,943	6.45	1,107	8.36	83.53	98.34
Add:						
Purchases	17,20,356	12.35	132	0.46	108.27	121.08
Production/ Cost of Development	-	6.83	442	3.66	386.32	396.81
Less:						
Sales / Disposals	(8,70,758)	(9.22)	(478)	(2.85)	(477.18)	(489.25)
Change in fair value less cost to sell:	-	3.91	-	(0.23)	0.36	4.04
Realised (Mortality/sale)	-	-	-	0.63	-	0.63
Unrealised	-	(0.19)	-	(0.44)	(20.33)	(20.96)
Unrealised	-	4.10	-	(0.42)	20.69	24.37
Balance as at March 31, 2023	17,61,541	20.32	1,203	9.40	101.30	131.02
Non Current	-	20.32	-	9.40	3.45	33.17
Current	-	-	-	-	97.85	97.85

The group has operations in oil palm business whereby the group purchases the saplings and sells the saplings once it has achieved the desired growth. During the year ended March 31, 2024, the group purchased 29,31,037 (Previous year: 17,20,356) number of saplings, out of which 29,31,037 (Previous year: 17,20,356) were still under cultivation.

B. Measurement of Fair value

i. Fair Value hierarchy

The fair value measurements for oil palm saplings, cattles and PS Birds / Hatching eggs / Broilers have been categorised as Level 3 fair values based on the inputs to valuation technique used.

ii. Level 3 Fair values

The following table shows a break down of the total gains / (losses) recognised in respect of Level 3 fair values-

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	Oil palm saplings / Cattles / PS Birds / Hatching eggs / Broilers	Oil palm saplings / Cattles / PS Birds / Hatching eggs / Broilers
Gain/(loss) included in 'other operating revenue'	7.06	3.05
Change in fair value (realised)	(23.62)	(0.63)
Change in fair value (unrealised)	30.68	3.68

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	PS Birds/ Hatching eggs/ Broilers	PS Birds / Hatching eggs / Broilers
Gain/(loss) included in 'cost of goods sold'	-	0.36
Change in fair value (realised)	-	(20.33)
Change in fair value (unrealised)	-	20.69

iii. Valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs

Type	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
Oil Palm Saplings - it comprises the stock under cultivation	Cost approach and percentage completion method	Estimated cost of completing the stock under cultivation ₹ 106.9 to 137.19 per sapling (Previous year ₹ 95.06 to ₹128.59).	The estimated fair valuation would increase/(decrease) if - Estimated cost to complete was lower (higher)
Biological assets - it comprises of: PS Bird; Hatching eggs; and Contract farm- Broilers	As per relevant market price prevailing at the year end	Estimated price of each component - PS birds - INR 28.58 (31 March 2023: INR 33.87) per Hatching eggs, - Hatching eggs - INR 40.20 (31 March 2023: INR 39.87) per Day Old Chicks, - Contract farms- Broilers (average rate) - INR 115.00 (31 March 2023: INR 74.00) per kg for live bird	The estimated fair valuation would increase/(decrease) if - Estimated price of each component of poultry stock was higher/(lower)
Cattle	Market approach with the help of Valuation certificate	Estimated price impact on age, breed and yield of the Cattle	The estimated fair valuation would increase/(decrease) if - Estimated yield of the cattle is increased or decreased

C. Risk Management strategies related to agricultural activities

The group is exposed to the following risks relating to its plantations, Cattles and PS Bird /Hatching egg /Broiler

i. Regulatory and environmental risks

The group is subject to laws and regulations in the country in which it operates. It has established various environmental policies and procedures aimed at compliance with the local environmental and other laws.

ii. Supply and demand risks

The group is exposed to risks arising from fluctuations in the price and sales volume of plants and milk. For oil palm plants, when possible, the group manages this risk by aligning its harvest volume to market supply and demand. Management performs regular industry trend analyses for projected harvest volumes and pricing. For milk, the Group manage this risk by effective marketing tie up for sale of milk.

The group exposed the risk arising from the fluctuations in the price of Hatching eggs, commercial day old chicks and live birds. when the price goes down the management possibly manage this risk by diverting more live birds for processing and when prices goes up the management sells more Hatching eggs, Day old Chicks and Live Birds.

iii. Climate and other risks

The group's oil palm plantations are exposed to the risk of damage from climatic changes, diseases, forest fires and other natural forces. The group has extensive processes in place aimed at monitoring and mitigating those risks, including regular plantation health surveys and industry pest and disease surveys.

The Group is exposed to risks arising from fluctuations in yield and health of the Cattle. Group manages this risk by effective sourcing and maintenance of cattle.

The Group's Live stock are exposed to the extreme climatic changes in summer and winter season. However, the Group has extensive processes in place aimed at monitoring and mitigating those risks, including regular health inspections of Live Stock and adopting Industry best practices by professional qualified veterinarian doctors.

A reasonably possible change of 10% in Estimated cost of completing the stock under cultivation at the reporting date would have increased (decreased) profit or loss by the amounts shown below.

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Profit or (loss) for the year ended March 31, 2024		Profit or (loss) for the year ended March 31, 2023	
	10% increase	10% decrease	10% increase	10% decrease
Variable cost (Oil palm saplings)	(0.73)	0.77	(0.48)	0.51
Estimated change in valuation- Cattle	1.36	(1.36)	0.94	(0.94)
Estimated change in valuation- Poultry (PS Birds / Hatching eggs /Broilers)	4.63	(4.63)	10.63	(10.63)
Cash flow sensitivity (net)	5.26	(5.22)	11.09	(11.06)

Note 7 : Investments

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
A. Investment in joint ventures (Unquoted)		
i. ACI Godrej Agrovet Private Limited, Dhaka, Bangladesh. 18,50,000 (Previous Year 18,50,000) Equity Shares of ₹ 100/- each.	139.12	106.62
ii. Omnivore India Capital Trust 1,505.29 (Previous Year 2,071.17) units of ₹ 1,00,000 each.	12.80	34.81
Total (A)	151.92	141.43
B. Non-current Investments		
Investment in equity instruments		
i. Quoted at FVOCI		
a. KSE Limited 1,03,750 (Previous Year 1,03,750) Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each {Nil (Previous year acquired 13,850 and sold 651 shares)}	16.63	16.97
ii. Unquoted at FVTPL		
a) Investment in Co-operative Society	0.01	0.01
Total (B)	16.64	16.98
TOTAL	168.56	158.41

Note 7.1: Other disclosures

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Aggregate amount of quoted investment	16.63	16.97
Market value of quoted investment	16.63	16.97
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	151.93	141.44
Aggregate amount of diminution in the value of investments	-	-

Note 8 : Non Current - Loans

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Unsecured, considered good (unless otherwise stated)		
Loans and Advances - Others	62.45	67.06
Loan to Employees	0.38	0.47
TOTAL	62.83	67.53

Note 9 : Other non-current financial assets

(₹ in crore)		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1. Claims receivable	1.46	1.46
2. Security deposits		
i. Considered good	40.67	45.29
ii. Considered doubtful	0.25	0.25
Less : Allowance for bad and doubtful deposits	(0.25)	(0.25)
Net Deposits	40.67	45.29
3. Other Receivables (includes interest receivable on loan)	-	3.38
4. Bank Deposit with original maturity of more than 12 months (refer note 9.1)	0.23	0.33
TOTAL	42.36	50.46

Note 9.1: Fixed Deposits of ₹ 0.23 crore (Previous year ₹ 0.33 crore) are pledged with government authorities.

Note 10 : Other non-current assets

(₹ in crore)		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1. Capital advances (Refer note no. 58)	8.62	29.77
2. Balance with Government Authorities	15.34	16.41
3. Others		
i) Considered good	13.31	12.22
ii) Considered doubtful	1.22	1.22
Less : Allowance for doubtful advances	(1.22)	(1.22)
TOTAL	37.27	58.40

Note 11 : Inventories

(₹ in crore)		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(Valued at lower of cost and net realizable value)		
1. Raw Materials (including packing materials)	838.14	856.27
2. Raw Materials in Transit	42.50	22.01
3. Work in progress	64.82	78.26
4. Project in progress	3.39	3.39
5. Finished goods	335.08	278.94
6. Stock-in-Trade	36.31	49.39
7. Stores and Spares	62.77	55.86
TOTAL	1,383.01	1,344.12

Note 11.1 : The write-down of inventories to net realisable value during the year amounted to ₹10.11 crore (Previous year : ₹ 1.58). The write-downs/ provisions are included in cost of materials consumed.

Note 12 : Current Investments

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
I. Investment in equity of associates (Unquoted) (Refer note no. 49)		
Al Rahaba International Trading Limited Liability Company, Abu Dhabi, UAE.		
24 Equity Shares of AED. 1500/- each	-	-
II. Investment in Mutual Funds	8.01	-
TOTAL	8.01	-

Note 12.1: Other disclosures

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Aggregate amount of quoted investment	8.01	-
Market value of quoted investment	8.01	-
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	-	-
Aggregate amount of Impairment in the value of investments	-	-

Note 13 : Trade Receivables (refer note 42.2)

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
i. Secured and considered good (refer note 13.1)	91.31	80.81
ii. Unsecured and considered good	430.12	493.22
iii. Credit impaired	36.68	39.13
Less : Loss allowance	(39.20)	(39.13)
TOTAL	518.91	574.03

Note 13.1: Secured by Security Deposits collected from customers or Bank Guarantees held against them.

Note 13.2 : Trade receivables ageing schedule

(₹ in crore)

As at March 31, 2024	Not due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
		< 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	more than 3 years	
Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good	299.37	192.50	22.74	3.83	0.20	2.33	520.97
Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed Trade receivable – credit impaired	-	1.43	9.52	13.46	1.82	1.79	28.02
Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good	-	0.18	0.06	0.15	-	0.07	0.46
Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade receivable – credit impaired	-	-	-	4.82	1.32	2.52	8.66
TOTAL	299.37	194.11	32.32	22.26	3.34	6.71	558.11

(₹ in crore)

As at March 31, 2023	Not due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
		< 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	more than 3 years	
Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good	372.75	119.85	49.85	22.91	3.43	2.26	571.05
Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed Trade receivable – credit impaired	-	0.98	1.14	27.37	0.23	2.37	32.09
Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good	-	0.14	0.02	2.82	-	-	2.98
Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade receivable – credit impaired	-	-	0.32	4.23	0.89	1.59	7.03
TOTAL	372.75	120.97	51.33	57.33	4.55	6.22	613.15

Note 14 : Cash and cash equivalents

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1. Cash on hand	2.25	1.61
2. Cheques, Drafts on Hand	2.86	2.79
3. Balances with Banks:		
a) Current Accounts	44.58	22.28
b) Deposit Account (Original Maturity less than Three months)	0.02	0.00
c) Saving Bank Account of Company's ESOP Trust	0.05	0.04
4 Book Overdraft	-	-
TOTAL	49.76	26.72

Note 15 : Bank Balances Other Than Cash and Cash Equivalents

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1. Fixed Deposits -more than 3 months and less than 12 months (refer note. 15.1)	2.79	2.52
2. Unclaimed dividend accounts	0.32	0.27
TOTAL	3.11	2.79

Note 15.1: Fixed deposits with scheduled banks of ₹ 2.71 Crore (previous year ₹ 0.71 Crore) held as margin money towards bank guarantees/ sales tax registration/ overdraft limit.

Note 16 : Loans

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1. Loans and advances to employees	0.58	0.68
2. Other Loans & Advances		
i. Unsecured and considered good	18.35	4.72
ii. Credit impaired	0.13	0.13
Less : Loss allowance	(0.13)	(0.13)
TOTAL	18.93	5.40

Note 17 : Other current financial assets

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1. Interest on Bank Fixed Deposits	0.04	0.02
2. Interest Accrued on other Deposits	0.16	0.28
3. Interest Accrued on Intercompany Deposits	0.19	-
4. Security deposits	5.49	6.49
5. Export incentive	0.00	-
6. Other Receivables (includes non-trade receivables)	44.01	59.13
7. Derivatives		
- Foreign exchange forward contracts not designated as hedge	0.01	-
TOTAL	49.90	65.92

Note 18 : Other current assets

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1. Advances to suppliers	51.02	44.64
Less: Allowance for doubtful advance	(0.17)	(0.22)
2. Balance with government authorities		
i) Considered good	70.43	74.01
ii) Considered doubtful	1.81	0.16
Less : Allowance for doubtful advances	(1.81)	(0.16)
3. Right of recoveries against expected sales return	33.14	58.91
4. Prepaid expenses	24.91	11.32
TOTAL	179.33	188.66

Note 19 : Share Capital

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at	
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
1. Authorised :		
a) 22,49,94,000 (Previous Year 22,49,94,000) Equity shares of the par value of ₹ 10 each	224.99	224.99
b) 6,000 (Previous Year 6,000) Preference shares of the par value of ₹ 10 each	0.01	0.01
TOTAL	225.00	225.00
2. Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up:		
19,22,10,862 (Previous Year 19,21,60,890) Equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up.	192.21	192.16
TOTAL	192.21	192.16

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
	No. of shares	₹ in crore	No. of shares	₹ in crore
3 Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the year :				
Equity shares :				
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	19,21,60,890	192.16	19,21,12,960	192.11
Shares issued during the year (refer note 41)	49,972	0.05	47,930	0.05
Outstanding at the end of the year	19,22,10,862	192.21	19,21,60,890	192.16

4. Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to:

Equity Shares: The Group has one class of Equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each Share holder is eligible for one vote per share held. All Equity Shareholders are eligible to receive dividends in proportion to their shareholdings. The dividends proposed by the Board of Directors are subject to the approval of the Shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation, the Equity Shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their share holding.

5 Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company is set out below:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
	No. of shares	%	No. of shares	%
a) Equity shares				
1. Godrej Industries Limited - Holding Company	12,47,14,957	64.88%	12,47,14,957	64.90%
2. V-Sciences Investments Pte Ltd	1,49,48,107	7.78%	1,56,66,455	8.15%

6. The Company has 1,07,549 (31-March-23 year 105,504) equity shares reserved for issue under Employee Stock Option Grant Scheme as at 31 March 2024. (As detailed in Note no 41)

7. Details of shares held by promoters

Annexure A:- Details of shares held by promoters

Sr. No.	Name of promoters	As at 31st March 2024			As at 31st March 2023		
		No of Shares	% of Total Shares	% change	No of Shares	% of Total Shares	% change
1	Godrej Industries Limited	12,47,14,957	64.90%	0.0%	12,47,14,957	64.92%	3.9%
2	Nadir Barjorji Godrej	102	0.00%	0.0%	102	0.00%	0.0%
3	Adi Barjorji Godrej	5,096	0.00%	0.0%	5,096	0.00%	0.0%
4	Rishad Kaikhushru Naoroji & Others (Partners Of Rkn Enterprises)	41,46,156	2.16%	0.0%	41,46,156	2.16%	0.0%
5	Smita Godrej Crishna, Freyan Crishna Bieri, Nyrika Holkar (Trustees Of Fvc Family Trust)	20,73,027	1.08%	0.0%	20,73,027	1.08%	0.0%
6	Smita Godrej Crishna, Freyan Crishna Bieri, Nyrika Holkar (Trustees Of Nvc Family Trust)	20,73,027	1.08%	0.0%	20,73,027	1.08%	0.0%
7	Jamshyd Godrej, Pheroza Godrej & Navroze Godrej (Trustees Of Navroze Lineage Trust)	20,73,000	1.08%	0.0%	20,73,000	1.08%	0.0%
8	Jamshyd Godrej, Pheroza Godrej & Navroze Godrej (Trustees Of Raika Lineage Trust)	20,73,070	1.08%	0.0%	20,73,070	1.08%	0.0%
9	Nadir Godrej, Hormazd Godrej & Rati Godrej (Trustees Of Hng Family Trust)	8,61,001	0.45%	0.0%	8,61,001	0.45%	0.0%
10	Nisaba Godrej & Pirojsha Godrej (Trustees Of Ng Family Trust)	8,61,001	0.45%	0.0%	8,61,001	0.45%	0.0%
11	Nadir Godrej, Hormazd Godrej & Rati Godrej (Trustees Of Bng Family Trust)	8,61,001	0.45%	0.0%	8,61,001	0.45%	0.0%
12	Nadir Godrej, Hormazd Godrej & Rati Godrej (Trustees Of Sng Family Trust)	8,61,001	0.45%	0.0%	8,61,001	0.45%	0.0%
13	Tanya Dubash And Pirojsha Godrej (Trustees Of Tad Family Trust)	6,00,151	0.31%	-7.0%	6,45,151	0.34%	-15.9%
14	Pirojsha Adi Godrej	4,14,034	0.22%	0.0%	4,14,034	0.22%	0.0%
15	Karla Bookman	1,87,000	0.10%	0.0%	1,87,000	0.10%	0.0%
16	Sasha Godrej	1,86,000	0.10%	0.0%	1,86,000	0.10%	0.0%
17	Lana Godrej	74,000	0.04%	0.0%	74,000	0.04%	0.0%
18	Tanya Arvind Dubash	2,60,884	0.14%	20.8%	2,15,884	0.11%	129.9%
19	Nisaba Godrej	34	0.00%	0.0%	34	0.00%	0.0%
20	Raika Jamshyd Godrej	5	0.00%	0.0%	5	0.00%	0.0%
21	Nyrika Holkar	51	0.00%	0.0%	51	0.00%	0.0%
22	Navroze Jamshyd Godrej	78	0.00%	0.0%	78	0.00%	0.0%
23	Jamshyd Godrej, Pheroza Godrej & Navroze Godrej (Trustees Of The Raika Godrej Family Trust)	3	0.00%	0.0%	3	0.00%	0.0%
24	Pirojsha Godrej And Nisaba Godrej (Trustees Of Pg Family Trust)	1	0.00%	0.0%	1	0.00%	0.0%
25	Adi Godrej, Tanya Dubash, Nisaba Godrej, Pirojsha Godrej (Trustees Of Abg Family Trust)	1	0.00%	0.0%	1	0.00%	0.0%
26	Tanya Dubash And Pirojsha Godrej (Trustees Of Tad Children Trust)	1	0.00%	0.0%	1	0.00%	0.0%
27	Nisaba Godrej & Pirojsha Godrej (Trustees Of Ng Children Trust)	1	0.00%	0.0%	1	0.00%	0.0%
28	Pirojsha Godrej And Nisaba Godrej (Trustees Of Pg Children Trust)	1	0.00%	0.0%	1	0.00%	0.0%
29	Pirojsha Godrej And Nisaba Godrej (Trustees Of Pg Lineage Trust)	1	0.00%	0.0%	1	0.00%	0.0%
30	Nadir Godrej, Hormazd Godrej & Rati Godrej (Trustees Of Nbg Family Trust)	1	0.00%	0.0%	1	0.00%	0.0%
31	Nadir Godrej, Hormazd Godrej & Rati Godrej (Trustees Of Rng Family Trust)	1	0.00%	0.0%	1	0.00%	0.0%

Annexure A:- Details of shares held by promoters

Sr. No.	Name of promoters	As at 31st March 2024			As at 31st March 2023		
		No of Shares	% of Total Shares	% change	No of Shares	% of Total Shares	% change
32	Nadir Godrej, Hormazd Godrej & Rati Godrej (Trustees Of Bng Successor Trust)	1	0.00%	0.0%	1	0.00%	0.0%
33	Nadir Godrej, Hormazd Godrej & Burjis Godrej (Trustees Of Bng Lineage Trust)	1	0.00%	0.0%	1	0.00%	0.0%
34	Nadir Godrej, Hormazd Godrej & Rati Godrej (Trustees Of Sng Successor Trust)	1	0.00%	0.0%	1	0.00%	0.0%
35	Nadir Godrej, Hormazd Godrej & Sohrab Godrej (Trustees Of Sng Lineage Trust)	1	0.00%	0.0%	1	0.00%	0.0%
36	Smita Godrej Crishna, Freyan Crishna Bieri & Nyrika Holkar (Trustees Of Nvc Children Trust)	1	0.00%	0.0%	1	0.00%	0.0%
37	S.G. Crishna, V.M. Crishna, F.C. Bieri & Nyrika Holkar (Sgc Family Trust)	1	0.00%	0.0%	1	0.00%	0.0%
38	S.G. Crishna, V.M. Crishna, F.C. Bieri & Nyrika Holkar (Vmc Family Trust)	1	0.00%	0.0%	1	0.00%	0.0%
39	Smita Godrej Crishna, Freyan Crishna Bieri & Nyrika Holkar (Trustees Of Fvc Children Trust)	1	0.00%	0.0%	1	0.00%	0.0%
40	Jamshyd Godrej, Pheroza Godrej & Navroze Godrej (Trustees Of Jng Family Trust)	1	0.00%	0.0%	1	0.00%	0.0%
41	Jamshyd Godrej, Pheroza Godrej & Navroze Godrej (Trustees Of Pjg Family Trust)	1	0.00%	0.0%	1	0.00%	0.0%
42	Jamshyd Godrej, Pheroza Godrej & Navroze Godrej (Trustees Of Njg Family Trust)	1	0.00%	0.0%	1	0.00%	0.0%
43	Jamshyd Godrej, Pheroza Godrej & Navroze Godrej (Trustees Of Rjg Family Trust)	1	0.00%	0.0%	1	0.00%	0.0%
44	Freyan Crishna Bieri	51	0.00%	0.0%	51	0.00%	0.0%

Note 20 : Other Equity

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1. Retained Earnings	2,045.24	1,878.21
2. Capital Reserve	1.73	1.73
3. General Reserve	18.14	18.14
4. Debenture Redemption Reserve	9.90	-
5. Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of a foreign operation	(7.84)	(6.76)
6. Effective portion of Cash Flow Hedges	0.02	0.02
7. Employee stock grants Outstanding	6.61	5.79
8. Non Controlling Interest Reserve	(185.65)	(185.65)
9. Securities Premium	436.29	433.89
TOTAL	2,324.44	2,145.37

General reserve

General reserve is a free reserve which is created by transferring fund from retained earnings to meet future obligations and purposes.

Capital Reserve

Excess of assets recognised over consideration paid on business acquisition made by the group.

Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of a foreign operation

Exchange differences arising on translation of the foreign operations, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income as described in accounting policy and accumulated in a separate reserve within equity. The cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss when the net investment is disposed-off.

Effective portion of Cash Flow Hedges

The Group uses hedging instruments as part of its management of foreign currency risk associated with foreign currency borrowings. For hedging foreign currency risk, the group used foreign currency forward contracts which are designated as cash flow hedges. To the extent these hedges are effective, the change in fair value of the hedging instrument is recognised in the cash flow hedge reserve. Amounts recognised in the cash flow hedge reserve is reclassified to statement of profit & loss when the hedged item affects the profit & loss.

Non- controlling Interest Reserve

Non- controlling Interest Reserve represent the difference between the consideration paid and the carrying value of non- controlling interest acquired in subsidiaries.

Employee stock grants outstanding

The employee share grant outstanding account is used to recognise grant date fair value of options issued to employees under the Company's stock option plan.

Debenture Redemption Reserve (DRR)

The Group has issued redeemable non-convertible debentures. Accordingly, the Companies (Share capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 (as amended), require the Group to create DRR out of profits of the Group available for payment of dividend. DRR is required to be created for an amount which is equal to 10% of the value of debentures issued as per Section 71(4) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 18(7) of the Companies (Share Capital And Debentures) Rules, 2014.

Securities Premium

Securities Premium Account is used to record the premium received on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Note 21 : Non-Current Borrowings

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Secured		
Term loans from banks (refer note 21.1)	9.96	21.14
Unsecured	-	
a. Term loans from banks (refer note 21.2)	134.73	33.56
b. Non Convertible Debentures (refer note 21.3)	148.00	-
TOTAL	292.69	54.70

Note 21.1:

- (A) Term loans from bank amounting to ₹ 15.02 crore (Previous year 20.00 crore) including current maturities of ₹ 5.00 crore (Previous year ₹ 5.00 crore) is repayable in 16 quarterly instalments commencing from 29th June 2023. Current interest rate of the loan is 7.95% (previous year 7.95%).
- (B) Term loan amounting to ₹ 6.14 crore (Previous year ₹ 12.28 crore) including current maturities of ₹ 6.14 crore (Previous year ₹ 6.14 crore) is repayable in 12 quarterly instalments commencing from 30th June 2022. Current interest rate of the loan is 7.67% to 7.98% (Previous year 7.98%).

Secured by way of negative Lien created on the plant and machinery purchased by availing the term loan

Note 21.2:

- (A) Term loans from banks of ₹ 3.09 crore (previous year ₹ 5.15 crore) including current maturity of ₹ 2.06 crore (Previous year ₹ 2.06 crore) carries interest rates of Repo rate + 2.30% (Previous year Repo rate +2.30%). These loans (including current maturities) are repayable in 6 equal quarterly installments amounting to 0.52 crores from the date of the Financial Statements.
- (B) Term loans from banks of ₹ 8.38 crore (previous year NIL) including current maturity of ₹ 1.29 crore (Previous year NIL) carries interest rates of 7.70 % p.a link to 1 month T Bill (previous year Nil) . These loans (including current maturities) are repayable in 26 equal quarterly installments amounting to 0.32 crores from the date of the Financial Statements.

- (C) Term Loan from Bank amounting to ₹100 crore is repayable in quarterly installments commencing from January 01, 2026 carries interest rate of 7.85%.
- (D) Term Loan from Bank amounting to ₹9.42 crore (included in current maturity) is repayable in FY 2024-25 carries interest rate of 7.60% to 7.98%.
- (E) Term loans from Bank for ₹ 15 crore (Previous Year NIL) including current maturity of ₹ 5 crore (previous year NIL) carries interest at one month Treasury bill rate p.a. Current interest rate of the loan is 8.60% per annum and is repayable in 12 structured quarterly instalments commencing from 26 June 2024.
- (F) Term loans from Bank for ₹ 23.99 crore (Previous Year 16.99 crore) including current maturity of ₹ 8.18 crore (previous year ₹ 3.78 crore) carries interest Rate of 4.75% to 8.16% (Previous year 4.75% to 7.60%) . These loans are repayable at various dates in equal quarterly installment.
- (G) Term Loan amounting to ₹ 4.40 crore (Previous year 8 crore) including current maturities of ₹ 3.60 crore (Previous year ₹ 3.60 crore) carries Interest Rates of 3 months T Bill + 1.75% (Previous year 3 months T Bill + 1.75%). The loan is repayable are repayable in 4 equal quarterly installments of ₹ 0.9 crore and Last installment of ₹ 0.8 crore.

Note 21.3:

- (A) The Group on 21 August 2023 has issued 4,900 unsecured, rated, listed, redeemable, Non-convertible Debentures (NCDs) of face value ₹1,00,000 each for a total amount of ₹49 crore Lakhs on a private placement basis at 8.65% per annum . The NCDs are repayable in single instalment at the end of 36 months from date of issue i.e, on 21 August 2026.
- (B) The Group on 23 October 2023 has issued 5,000 unsecured, rated, listed, redeemable, Non-convertible Debentures (NCDs) of face value ₹1,00,000 each for a total amount of ₹50 crore Lakhs on a private placement basis at 8.65% per annum . The NCDs are repayable in single instalment at the end of 36 months from date of issue i.e, on 23 October 2026.
- (C) The Group on 21 August 2023 has issued 4,900 unsecured, rated, listed, redeemable, Non-convertible Debentures (NCDs) of face value ₹1,00,000 each for a total amount of ₹49 crore Lakhs on a private placement basis at 8.40% per annum . The NCDs are repayable in single instalment at the end of 36 months from date of issue i.e, on 21 August 2026.

Note 22 : Other Non-current Financial Liabilities

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1. Employee benefits payable	24.20	17.73
TOTAL	24.20	17.73

Note 23 : Non-current Provisions

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Provision for employee benefits (refer note 40)		
- Provision for compensated absences	5.11	4.33
- Provision for gratuity	1.90	1.43
TOTAL	7.01	5.76

Note 24 : Other non-current liabilities

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1. Deferred grant	13.79	14.65
TOTAL	13.79	14.65

Note 25 : Current Borrowings

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Secured		
a) Working Capital loan (refer note 25.1)	-	45.00
b) Current maturities of long term borrowings (refer note 21.1)	11.20	32.45
Unsecured		
a) Commercial paper (refer note 25.2)	726.02	844.07
b) Cash credit (refer note 25.3)	9.33	26.69
c) Working Capital Demand Loans from Banks (refer note. 25.4)	232.66	237.81
d) Buyers Credit (refer note 25.5)	-	21.96
e) Current maturities of long term borrowings (refer note 21.1)	36.60	58.79
TOTAL	1,015.81	1,266.77

Note 25.1 : The working capital demand Loan from bank has been repaid during the current year, carrying interest rate of 7.45% and was secured against inventories and receivables.

Note 25.2 : The group has raised Commercial Paper which carries interest rate of 7.75% to 8.44% (Previous year 7.37% to 8.30%).

Note 25.3 : Cash credit from banks are repayable on demand and carries interest rate ranging from 7.00% to 9.00% and MCLR - 0.25 % (Previous year: 4.75% to 8.95%).

Note 25.4 : Working capital Demand loan from banks carries interest rate of 7.25% to 9.00% (Previous year 4.10% to 8.25%) and T Bill rate 1 to 1.17% (Previous year T Bill rate and Repo Rate + 1.50%). These loans are repayable on different dates.

Note 25.5 : No Buyers Credit transaction are in banks as on 31 March 2024. (Previous Year : 7.46% to 8.05%).

Note 26 : Current Trade Payables

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1. Trade Payables		
a) Due to micro enterprises and small enterprises	40.68	26.08
b) Other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	587.09	677.18
2. Acceptances	-	1.07
TOTAL	627.77	704.33

Note 26.1 :- Trade payables ageing

(₹ in crore)

As at March 31, 2024	Accrued expenses	Outstanding for following periods					Total
		Not Due	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	more than 3 years	
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	36.28	4.12	0.05	0.01	-	40.46
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	93.06	439.27	40.38	8.07	4.31	0.68	585.77
Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	0.18	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.22
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	0.19	0.04	0.12	0.97	1.32
TOTAL	93.06	475.55	44.87	8.17	4.45	1.67	627.77

(₹ in crore)

As at March 31, 2023	Accrued expenses	Outstanding for following periods				Total
		Not Due and Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	more than 3 years	
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	25.86	-	-	-	25.86
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	45.22	618.90	7.47	4.56	1.24	677.39
Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	0.15	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.22
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	0.26	0.60	0.86
TOTAL	45.22	644.91	7.49	4.85	1.86	704.33

Note 27 : Other financial liabilities

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1. Liabilities towards beneficiaries of company's ESOP Trust	0.07	0.06
2. Security Deposit	129.91	117.20
3. Non Trade Payables	41.73	50.31
4. Derivative liability	0.13	0.71
5. Unclaimed Dividend	0.32	0.27
6. Others (includes accrual for bonus, etc.)	68.37	34.58
TOTAL	240.53	203.13

Note 28 : Other current liabilities

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1. Advances from Customers	138.47	72.74
2. Statutory Liabilities	36.31	22.86
3. Deferred Grants	0.89	0.94
4. Others	0.40	0.01
TOTAL	176.07	96.55

There are no amounts due to be credited to Investor Education and Protection Fund in accordance with Section 125 (2) (c) of the Companies Act, 2013 as at the year end.

Note 29 : Provisions

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1. Provision for employee benefits (refer note 40)		
- Provision for compensated absences	1.35	1.30
- Provision for gratuity	7.03	7.87
2. Others	-	0.25
3. Provision for sales return (refer note 29.1 & 29.2)	60.60	75.72
TOTAL	68.98	85.14

Note. 29.1 : Movement of provision for sales return

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Opening Provision	75.72	120.67
Add : Provision made for the year	116.18	179.68
Less: Utilised during the year	131.30	224.63
Closing Provision	60.60	75.72

Note. 29.2 : The Group makes a provision on estimated sales return based on historical experience. The Sales returns are generally expected within a year.

Note 30 : Revenue from operations

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Sale of products (refer note 30.1)		
1. Sale of products	9,471.94	9,300.35
2. Sale of by products/ miscellaneous products	54.51	52.46
	9,526.45	9,352.81
Other operating revenue		
1. Export Incentives	0.46	0.33
2. Rebates / Incentives from Government	18.06	8.19
3. Processing income	8.04	6.97
4. Sales of Real Estate project (refer note 52)	-	2.33
5. Fair value of Biological Assets (refer note 6)	7.06	3.05
6. Others	0.48	-
	34.10	20.87
TOTAL	9,560.55	9,373.68

Note 30.1

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
1. Reconciliation of revenue from contract with customers		
Revenue from contract with customer as per the contract price	9,936.93	9,661.49
Adjustments made to contract price on account of :-		
a) Discounts / Incentive	(410.48)	(308.68)
	9,526.45	9,352.81
2. Disaggregation of revenue.		
Animal Feed	5,000.08	4,950.62
Vegetable Oil	1,218.10	1,294.39
Crop Protection	1,219.61	1,188.51
Dairy	1,572.38	1,500.23
Poultry and processed food	981.33	1,003.12
Other Business	100.07	52.51
Inter segment elimination	(565.12)	(636.57)
	9,526.45	9,352.81
3. Geographical disaggregation		
Sales in India	9,389.49	9,099.62
Sales outside India	136.96	253.19
	9,526.45	9,352.81
4 Reconciliation of revenue recognised from contract liability (Advance from customers)		
Closing Contract Liability (Advance from customer)	138.47	72.74

The amount of INR 68.70 cr included in contract liabilities at 31 March 2023 has been recognised as revenue during the year ended 31 March 2024 (31 March 2023 : INR 59.61 cr).

Note 31 : Other Income

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
1. Interest Income		
a) Instruments measured at amortised cost		
(i) Interest received on Deposits/Loans	9.67	10.58
(ii) Interest - Others	0.62	0.72
b) Interest received from Income Tax Refund	-	0.00
2. Dividend received	0.21	0.18
3. Profit on sale of Property, plant and equipment (net)	-	69.42
4. Profit on sale of Investments (net)	0.07	0.03
5. Claims recovered	1.78	1.75
6. Liabilities no longer required written back	2.45	3.46
7. Royalty & Technical Knowhow	11.59	5.92
8. Other Miscellaneous Income	9.67	9.39
9. Grant amortization	1.48	1.25
10. Foreign exchange gain (net)	3.78	4.80
TOTAL	41.32	107.50

Note 32 : Cost of materials consumed

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
a) Raw Material Stocks at the Commencement of the Year	878.28	976.80
b) Add : Purchases / Change in Project-in-progress (refer note 52)	7,100.30	7,146.62
	7,978.58	8,123.42
c) Less: Raw Material Stocks at the Close of the year	880.64	878.28
TOTAL	7,097.94	7,245.14

Note 33 : Purchase of stock-in-trade

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
1. Agri inputs	97.91	136.17
2. Others	82.93	47.79
TOTAL	180.84	183.96

Note 34 : Changes In Inventories of Finished Goods, Work In Progress, Stock under cultivation and Stock-In-Trade and Biological assets

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
1. Stocks at the Commencement of the year		
a) Finished Goods	278.94	238.25
b) Work In Progress	78.26	70.30
c) Biological assets	101.30	83.54
d) Stock under cultivation	20.32	6.45
e) Stock-in-Trade	49.39	89.62
Total Stock at the commencement of the year	528.21	488.16
2 Less : Stocks at the Close of the year		
a) Finished Goods	335.08	278.94
b) Work In Progress	64.82	78.26
c) Biological assets	82.04	101.30
d) Stock under cultivation	45.01	20.32
e) Stock-in-Trade	36.31	49.39
Total Stock at the close of the year	563.26	528.21
Change in the stock of Finished Goods, Work In Progress, Stock under cultivation, Stock in Trade and Biological Assets	(35.05)	(40.05)

Note 35 : Employee benefit expenses

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
1. Salaries, Wages, Bonus and Allowances	466.80	391.99
2. Contribution to Provident, Gratuity and Other Funds (refer note 40)	29.15	26.67
3. Expense on Employee Stock based payments (refer note 41)	3.22	3.03
4. Staff Welfare Expense	39.95	31.72
TOTAL	539.12	453.41

Note 36 : Finance Costs

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
1. Interest Expense		
i. Paid towards Loans and Cash Credit	96.05	89.78
ii. On Lease liability	6.42	3.53
iii. Others	4.10	4.24
2. Other Borrowing Costs	1.30	1.57
TOTAL	107.87	99.12

Note 36.1: Finance costs are net of interest capitalised to capital work in progress ₹8.60 crore (Previous year ₹ 1.81 crore).

Note 37 : Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
1. Depreciation	185.45	167.24
2. Amortization	4.92	5.01
3. Depreciation of Right of Use Asset (refer note 4)	24.60	13.22
Less : capitalised to Intangible assets under development	(0.68)	-
TOTAL	214.29	185.47

Note 38 : Other Expenses

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
1. Stores and Spares consumed	47.88	47.66
2. Power and Fuel	176.40	172.04
3. Processing and other manufacturing expenses	273.52	265.78
4. Rent	20.79	21.15
5. Rates and Taxes (Refer note 38.1 below)	14.75	6.24
6. Repairs and Maintenance		
(a) Machinery	32.62	29.40
(b) Buildings	1.96	2.03
(c) Other assets	9.61	5.52
7. Insurance	10.29	12.76
8. Payment to auditors	1.78	1.78
9. Freight	82.12	94.79
10. Advertisement, Selling and Distribution Expenses	161.14	128.33
11. Bad Debts/Advances Written Off/sundry balance written off	27.21	34.91
12. Allowances for Doubtful Debts and Advances	0.71	(3.65)
13. Loss on Sale/Write off of property, plant and equipments	3.00	-
14. Research Expenses	6.63	7.22
15. Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses	9.91	9.91
16. Miscellaneous Expenses	195.93	172.56
TOTAL	1,076.25	1,008.43

Note 38.1 - Includes non-recurring expense incurred of ₹ 6.29 crore towards differential VAT liability settled under VAT amnesty schemes.

Note 39 : Earnings per share

Calculation of weighted average number of equity shares - Basic and diluted

		(₹ in crore)	
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
1 Calculation of weighted average number of equity shares - Basic			
Number of equity shares at the beginning of the year	19,21,60,890	19,21,12,960	
Equity shares issued during the year	49,972	47,930	
Number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	19,22,10,862	19,21,60,890	
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year	19,22,04,919	19,21,54,441	
2 Calculation of weighted average number of equity shares - Diluted			
Weighted average equity shares - Basic	19,22,04,919	19,21,54,441	
Effect of exercise of share grants (refer note 39.1)	70,978	68,901	
Revised number of potential equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	19,22,75,897	19,22,23,342	
Weighted average number of potential equity shares outstanding during the year	19,22,75,897	19,22,23,342	
3 Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders (Basic/diluted)			
Profit for the year, attributable to the owners of the Company	359.67	301.91	
Profit for the year, attributable to ordinary shareholders	359.67	301.91	
4 Basic Earnings per share (₹)	18.71	15.71	
5 Diluted Earnings per share (₹)	18.71	15.71	
6 Nominal Value of Shares (₹)	10.00	10.00	

Note 39.1 Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of Equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential Equity shares into Equity shares.

Note 40 : Employee benefits

The group contributes to the following post-employment plans in India.

Defined Contribution Plans:

The group's contributions paid/payable to Regional Provident Fund at certain locations, Super Annuation Fund, Employees State Insurance Scheme, Employees Pension Schemes, 1995 and other funds are determined under the relevant approved schemes and/or statutes and are recognised as expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which the employee renders the related service. There are no further obligations other than the contributions payable to the approved trusts/appropriate authorities.

The group recognised ₹ 21.47 crore for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Previous Year ₹ 19.67 crore) towards provident fund contribution ₹0.28 crore for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Previous Year ₹ 0.62 crore) towards employees' state insurance contribution, ₹0.54 crore for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Previous Year ₹ 0.44 crore) towards National Pension Scheme and ₹0.40 crore for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Previous Year ₹ 0.45 crore) towards superannuation fund contribution in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Defined Benefit Plan:

I. Provident Fund

- a) The Group manages the Provident Fund plan through a Provident Fund Trust for its employees which is permitted under The Employees' Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 and is actuarially valued. The plan envisages contribution by the employer and employees and guarantees interest at the rate notified by the Provident Fund authority. The contribution by employer and employee, together with interest, are payable at the time of separation from service or retirement, whichever is earlier.

The Group has an obligation to fund any shortfall on the yield of the trust's investments over the administered interest rates on an annual basis. These administered rates are determined annually predominantly considering the social rather than economic factors and the actual return earned by the Company has been higher in the past years. The actuary has provided a valuation for provident fund liabilities on the basis of guidance issued by Actuarial Society of India and based on the below provided assumptions there is shortfall of ₹1.06 core as at March 31, 2024, which has been recognised as expense in Statement of Profit and Loss under employee benefit expenses.

(₹ in crore)		
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Plan assets at period end, at fair value	217.18	194.88
Provident Fund Corpus/ obligation	218.24	194.59
Valuation assumptions under Deterministic Approach:		
Whilst In service Withdrawal	5.00%	5.00%
Rate of Discounting	7.20%	7.46%
Guaranteed Rate of Interest	8.25%	8.15%

II. Gratuity

The group's gratuity schemes are defined benefit plans. The group's liability for the defined benefit schemes is actuarially determined based on the projected unit credit method. The group's net obligations in respect of such plans is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that the employees have earned in return for their services in the current and prior periods and that benefit is discounted to determine its present value and the fair value of the plan asset is deducted. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in the Other Comprehensive Income in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

In accordance with the provisions of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, the Group has a defined benefit plan which provides for gratuity payments. The plan provides a lump sum gratuity payment to eligible employees at retirement or termination of their employment. The amounts are based on the respective employee's last drawn salary and the years of employment with the Group.

Liabilities in respect of the gratuity plan are determined by an actuarial valuation, based upon which the Group makes annual contributions to the Group Gratuity cum Life Assurance Schemes administered by the ICICI Prudential Life insurance, a funded defined benefit plan for qualifying employees. The Holding Company has a Gratuity Trust and Trustees administer the contributions made by the Company to the gratuity scheme. The employee gratuity fund scheme for other Indian subsidiaries is managed by Life Insurance Corporation of India.

The most recent actuarial valuation of the defined benefit obligation along with the fair valuation of the plan assets in relation to the gratuity scheme was carried out as at March 31, 2024. The present value of the defined benefit obligations and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Based on the actuarial valuation obtained in this respect, the following table sets out the details of the employee benefit obligation and the plan assets as at balance sheet date:

(₹ in crore)		
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Defined benefit obligation	(53.55)	(49.57)
Fair value of plan assets	44.62	40.27
Net defined benefit (obligation)/assets	(8.93)	(9.30)

i. Movement in net defined benefit (asset) liability

The following table shows a reconciliation from the opening balances to the closing balances for net defined benefit (asset) liability and its components

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Defined Benefit Obligation		Fair value of plan assets		Net defined benefit (asset) liability	
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Opening balance	49.57	46.56	40.27	38.79	9.29	7.77
Included in profit or loss						
Current service cost	4.29	4.03	-	-	4.29	4.03
Past service cost	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest cost (income)	3.71	3.16	3.05	2.66	0.66	0.50
Liability / Assets transferred in / Acquisitions	0.26	0.78	0.26	0.78	-	-
Included in OCI						
Remeasurement loss (gain):						
Actuarial loss (gain) arising from:						
Demographic assumptions	(0.21)	0.16	-	-	(0.21)	0.16
Financial assumptions	1.07	(1.63)	-	-	1.07	(1.63)
Experience adjustment	1.74	2.79	-	-	1.74	2.79
Acquisition adjustment	-	0.10	-	-	-	0.10
Return on plan assets excluding interest income	-	-	1.15	(1.29)	(1.15)	1.29
	60.43	55.95	44.73	40.94	15.69	15.01
Other						
Contributions paid by the employer	-	-	6.77	5.66	(6.77)	(5.66)
Benefits paid	(6.88)	(6.38)	(6.88)	(6.33)	-	(0.06)
Acquisitions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	53.55	49.57	44.62	40.27	8.92	9.29

Represented by

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Net defined benefit liability	8.92	9.29
TOTAL	8.92	9.29

ii. Plan assets

Plan assets comprise the following

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Insurer managed fund (100%)	44.61	39.48
Cash & cash equivalents	0.01	0.79
TOTAL	44.62	40.28

iii. Actuarial assumptions

The following were the principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date (expressed as weighted averages).

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Discount rate	7.19%	7.43%
Future salary growth	5.30%	5.00%
Rate of employee turnover	For service 4 yrs. & Below 15.7 % p.a. & For service 5 yrs and above 6.4% p.a.	For service 4 yrs. & Below 12.46 % p.a. & For service 5 yrs and above 8.00 % p.a.
Mortality rate	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Urban	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Urban
Weighted Average Duration	7	7

Assumptions regarding future mortality have been based on published statistics and mortality tables.

iv. Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below.

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Discount rate (1% movement)	(2.79)	3.15	(2.55)	2.86
Future salary growth (1% movement)	3.19	(2.87)	2.90	(2.63)
Rate of employee turnover (1% movement)	0.41	(0.63)	0.48	(0.72)

The sensitivity analyses above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

v. Expected future cash flows

The expected future cash flows in respect of gratuity as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023 were as follows

(₹ in crore)

Expected future benefit payments	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
1st Following year	10.12	7.17
2nd Following year	5.17	7.66
3rd Following year	6.74	5.21
4th Following year	5.60	6.10
5th Following year	5.07	4.91
Thereafter	49.57	47.19

Other long-term employee benefits:

Compensated absences are payable to employees at the rate of daily salary for each day of accumulated leave on death or on resignation or upon retirement. The charge towards compensated absences for the period ended March 31, 2024 based on actuarial valuation using the projected accrued benefit method is ₹4.26 crore (Previous Year ₹ 0.27 crore).

Termination Benefits: All termination benefits including voluntary retirement compensation are fully written off to the Statement of Profit & Loss

Incentive Plans: The Company has a scheme of Incentives to Employees which is fully expensed to the Statement of Profit & Loss in the respective periods. The Scheme rewards its employees based on the achievement of key performance indicators and profitability, as prescribed in the scheme.

Note 41: Share-based payment arrangements:

Description of share-based payment arrangements

A. Godrej Agrovet Limited

Employee stock grants - equity settled

The Company had set up the Employees Stock Grant Scheme 2018 (ESGS) pursuant to the approval by the Shareholders by way of postal ballot, the result of which was declared on June 20, 2018.

The ESGS Scheme is effective from April 1, 2018, (the "Effective Date") and shall continue to be in force until (i) its termination by the Board or (ii) the date on which all of the shares to be vested under Employee Stock Grant Scheme 2018 have been vested in the Eligible Employees and all restrictions on such Stock Grants awarded under the terms of ESGS Scheme, if any, have lapsed, whichever is earlier.

The Scheme applies to the Eligible Employees who are in whole time employment of the Company or its Subsidiary Companies. The entitlement of each employee would be decided by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the respective Company based on the employee's performance, level, grade, etc.

The total number of Stock Grants to be awarded under the ESGS Scheme are restricted to 25,00,000 (Twenty five Lakhs) fully paid up equity shares of the Company. Not more than 5,00,000 (Five Lac) fully paid up equity shares or 1% of the issued equity share capital at the time of awarding the Stock Grant, whichever is lower, can be awarded to any one employee in any one year.

The Stock Grants shall vest in the Eligible Employees pursuant to the ESGS Scheme in the proportion of 1/3rd at the end of each year from the date on which the Stock Grants are awarded for a period of three consecutive years, or as may be determined by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, subject to the condition that the Eligible Employee continues to be in employment of the Company or the Subsidiary company as the case may be.

The Eligible Employee shall exercise her / his right to acquire the shares vested in her / him all at one time within 1 month from the date on which the shares vested in her / him or such other period as may be determined by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

The Exercise Price of the shares has been fixed at Re. 10 per share. The fair value of the employee share options has been measured using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss. The value of the options is treated as a part of employee compensation in the financial statements and is amortised over the vesting period.

The Company has provided ₹2.92 crore (Previous Year ₹ 2.71 crore) for all the eligible employees for current year.

Following table lists the average inputs to the model used for the plan for the year ended March 31, 2024:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Description of the Inputs used
Dividend yield %	2.15%	1.79%	Dividend yield of the options is based on recent dividend activity.
Expected volatility %	22% - 32%	37% - 42%	Expected volatility of the option is based on historical volatility, during a period equivalent to the option life, of the observed market prices of the Company's publicly traded equity shares.
Risk free Interest rate %	6.913% to 6.952%	5.47% to 6.783%	Risk-free interest rates are based on the government securities yield in effect at the time of the grant.
Expected life of share options	1 to 3 years	1 to 3 years	
Weighted Average Market price on date of granting the options	422.98	532.19	

The Status of the above plan is as under:

Options outstanding at the end of year 1,07,549. The details of Grant is as follows :

- 14,037 options granted on May 7, 2021,
- 32,060 options granted on May 11, 2022,
- 59,299 options granted on May 9, 2023,
- 2,153 options granted on September 28, 2023.

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Weighted average Exercise Price (₹)
Options Outstanding at the Beginning of the Year	1,05,504	1,04,632	₹10.00
Options Granted	74,994	63,933	
Options Vested	49,972	47,930	
Options Exercised	49,972	47,930	
Options Lapsed / Forfeited	22,977	15,131	
Total Options Outstanding at the end of the year	1,07,549	1,05,504	

The weighted average exercise price of the options outstanding as on March 31, 2024 is ₹ 10/- (Previous year ₹ 10/- per share)

B. Astec LifeSciences Limited

(a) Employee stock option scheme (ESOP, 2012 as amended by the Shareholders by way of a Special Resolution)

The Company had set up the Employees Stock Option Plan 2012 which was amended by the Shareholders by way of a Special Resolution obtained by way of Postal Ballot, whose results have been declared on September 27, 2021.

The Scheme applies to the Eligible Employees who are in whole time employment of the Company or its Subsidiary Companies. The entitlement of each employee would be decided by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the respective Company based on the employee's performance, level, grade, etc.

The total number of Stock Option to be awarded under the ESOP Scheme are restricted to 1% of the issued equity share capital at the time of awarding the Stock Option, can be awarded to any one employee in any one year.

The Stock Options shall vest in the Eligible Employees pursuant to the ESOP Scheme in the proportion of 1/3rd at the end of each year from the date on which the Stock Options are awarded for a period of three consecutive years, or as may be determined by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, subject to the condition that the Eligible Employee continues to be in employment of the Company or the Subsidiary company as the case may be.

The Eligible Employee shall exercise her / his right to acquire the shares vested in her / him all at one time within 1 month from the date on which the shares vested in her / him or such other period as may be determined by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

(b) Employee stock option scheme (ESOS, 2015)

The Company has implemented Employees under Employee stock option scheme (ESOS, 2015) which was approved by the Shareholders at the 21st Annual General Meeting. The employee stock option scheme is designed to provide incentives to all the permanent employees to deliver long-term returns. Under the plan, participants are granted options which will vest in 4 years (40% in 1st year, 30% in 2nd year, 20% in 3rd year and 10% in 4th year) from the date of grant. Participation in the plan is at the discretion of the Compensation Committee / Board of Directors of the Company.

Once vested, the options remains exercisable for a period of three years.

Options are granted at the market price on which the options are granted to the employees under ESOS 2015. When exercisable, each option is convertible into one equity share.

(c) Employee stock option plan (ESOP,2012)

The Company has implemented Employee Stock Option Plan (ESOP 2012) which was approved by the Shareholders at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting of the Group in the Year 2012. The employee stock option plan is designed to provide incentives to all the permanent employees to deliver long-term returns. Under the plan, participants are granted options which will vest in 4 years (40% in 1st year, 30% in 2nd year, 20% in 3rd year and 10% in 4th year) from the grant date. Participation in the plan is at the discretion of the Compensation Committee / Board of Directors of the Company.

Once vested, the options remains exercisable for a period of seven years.

Options are granted under ESOP 2012 at an exercise price of ₹34/- each. When exercisable, each option is convertible into one equity share.

Set out below is a summary of options granted under both the plans:

Employee stock option scheme (ESOP, 2012 as amended by the Shareholders by way of a Special Resolution)

Particulars	March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023	
	Average exercise price per share option (₹)	Number of options	Average exercise price per share option (₹)	Number of options
Opening balance	10.00	3,533	10.00	3,316
Granted during the year	10.00	1,856	10.00	1,322
Exercised during the year	-	1,546	10.00	1,105
Lapsed during the year	-	-	-	-
Forefeited during the year	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	-	3,843	-	3,533
Vested and exercisable	-	-	-	1,546

Employee stock option plan (ESOP,2012)

Particulars	March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023	
	Average exercise price per share option (₹)	Number of options	Average exercise price per share option (₹)	Number of options
Opening balance	34.00	300	34.00	4,300
Granted during the period	-	-	-	-
Exercised during the period	34.00	-	34.00	4,000
Lapsed during the period	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	-	300	-	300
Vested and exercisable	-	300	-	300

Employee stock option scheme (ESOS,2015)

Particulars	March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023	
	Average exercise price per share option (₹)	Number of options	Average exercise price per share option (₹)	Number of options
Opening balance	387.35	2,000	387.35	5,000
Granted during the period	-	-	-	-
Exercised during the period	387.35	2,000	387.35	3,000
Lapsed during the period	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	-	-	-	2,000
Vested and exercisable	-	-	-	2,000

Share options outstanding at the end of the year have the following expiry date and exercise prices:

Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise price	March 31, 2024 Share options	March 31, 2023 Share options
January 31, 2015	January 30, 2026	34.00	300	300
July 26, 2016	July 25, 2023	387.35	-	2,000
October 30,2021	August 31, 2023	10.00	-	1,105
October 30,2021	August 31, 2024	10.00	1,106	1,105
May 6, 2022	June 9, 2023	10.00	-	441
May 6, 2022	June 9, 2024	10.00	441	441
May 6, 2022	June 9, 2025	10.00	440	440
May 9, 2023	May 9, 2024	10.00	618	-
May 9, 2023	May 9, 2025	10.00	619	-
May 9, 2023	May 9, 2026	10.00	619	-
TOTAL			4,143	5,832
Weighted average remaining contractual life of options outstanding at end of period			0.92	0.78

(i) **Fair value of options granted**

The fair value of grant date of options granted during the year ended March 31, 2024 is mentioned in the table below. The fair value at grant date is determined using the Black Scholes model which takes into account the exercise price, the term of option, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk free interest rate for the term of the option.

Grant date	Expiry date	Fair Value	March 31, 2024 Share options	March 31, 2023 Share options
January 31, 2015	January 30, 2026	110.49	300	300
July 26, 2016	July 25, 2023	297.00	-	2,000
October 30,2021	August 31, 2023	1,239.65	-	1,105
October 30,2021	August 31, 2024	1,238.16	1,106	1,105
May 6, 2022	June 9, 2023	1,932.04	-	441
May 6, 2022	June 9, 2024	1,930.58	441	441
May 6, 2022	June 9, 2025	1,929.08	440	440
May 9, 2023	May 9, 2024	1,353.88	618	-
May 9, 2023	May 9, 2025	1,352.39	619	-
May 9, 2023	May 9, 2026	1,350.90	619	-
TOTAL			4,143	5,832

The model inputs for options granted includes:
ESOP, 2012 as amended, granted on May 9, 2023

Particulars	9th May, 2023
Exercise Price	₹ 10
Grant Date	9th May, 2023
Expected life of share options	1 to 3 years
Share price at grant date	1,355.45
Expected price volatility of the company's shares	49% to 53%
Expected dividend yield	0.29%
Risk free interest rate	6.90% to 6.96%

ESOP, 2012 as amended, granted on May 6, 2022

Particulars	May 6, 2022
Exercise Price	₹ 10
Grant Date	May 6, 2022
Expected life of share options	1 to 3 years
Share price at grant date	1933.64
Expected price volatility of the company's shares	46% to 55%
Expected dividend yield	0.08%
Risk free interest rate	5.487% to 6.932%

ESOP, 2012 as amended, granted on October 31, 2021

Particulars	October 30, 2021
Exercise Price	₹ 10
Grant Date	October 30, 2021
Expected life of share options	1 to 3 years
Share price at grant date	1,242.71
Expected price volatility of the company's shares	44% to 58%
Expected dividend yield	0.12%
Risk free interest rate	4.107% to 5.124%

ESOS, 2015 granted on July 26, 2016

Options are granted for a consideration as mentioned in the below table and 40% of options vest after 1 year, 30% of options after 2 years, 20% of options after 3 years and 10% of options after 4 years. Vested options are exercisable for a period of 3 years after vesting.

Particulars	July 25, 2020	July 25, 2021	July 25, 2022	July 25, 2023
Exercise Price	₹ 387.35/-	₹ 387.35/-	₹ 387.35/-	₹ 387.35/-
Grant Date	July 26, 2016	July 26, 2016	July 26, 2016	July 26, 2016
Expiry Date	July 25, 2020	July 25, 2021	July 25, 2022	July 25, 2023
Share price at grant date	₹ 387.35	₹ 387.35	₹ 387.35	₹ 387.35
Expected price volatility of the Group's shares	57%	66%	115%	109%
Expected dividend yield	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Risk free interest rate	8.27%	8.17%	8.20%	8.32%

The model inputs for options granted includes:**ESOP, 2012- Option B granted on May 16, 2015**

Options are granted for a consideration as mentioned in the below table and 40% of options vest after 1 year, 30% of options after 2 years, 20% of options after 3 years and 10% of options after 4 years. Vested options are exercisable for a period of 7 years after vesting.

Particulars	May 15, 2023	May 15, 2024	May 15, 2025	May 15, 2026
Exercise Price	₹ 34/-	₹ 34/-	₹ 34/-	₹ 34/-
Grant Date	May 16, 2015	May 16, 2015	May 16, 2015	May 16, 2015
Expiry Date	May 15, 2023	May 15, 2024	May 15, 2025	May 15, 2026
Share price at grant date	₹ 138/-	₹ 138/-	₹ 138/-	₹ 138/-
Expected price volatility of the Group's shares	71%	139%	121%	108%
Expected dividend yield	0.91%	0.91%	0.91%	0.91%
Risk free interest rate	8.30%	8.19%	8.21%	8.30%

The model inputs for options granted includes:**ESOP, 2012- Option A granted on January 31, 2015**

Options are granted for a consideration as mentioned below in the table and vest 40% of options after 1 year, 30% of options after 2 years, 20% of options after 3 years and 10% of options after 4 years. Vested options are exercisable for a period of 7 years after vesting.

Particulars	January 30, 2023	January 30, 2024	January 30, 2025	January 30, 2026
Exercise Price	₹ 34/-	₹ 34/-	₹ 34/-	₹ 34/-
Grant Date	January 31, 2015	January 31, 2015	January 31, 2015	January 31, 2015
Expiry Date	January 30, 2023	January 30, 2024	January 30, 2025	January 30, 2026
Share price at grant date	₹ 127.70/-	₹ 127.70/-	₹ 127.70/-	₹ 127.70/-
Expected price volatility of the Group's shares	72%	143%	120%	108%
Expected dividend yield	0.78%	0.78%	0.78%	0.78%
Risk free interest rate	8.27%	8.17%	8.20%	8.32%

The expected price volatility is based on the historic volatility (based on the remaining life of the options), adjusted for any expected changes to future volatility due to publicly available information.

Note 42: Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management

Note 42.1: Accounting classification and fair values

Carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy, are presented below. It does not include the fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

(₹ in crore)

March 31, 2024	Carrying amount				Fair value			
	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
I. Non Current Financial Assets								
1. Investments	0.01	16.63	-	16.64	16.63	0.01	-	16.64
2. Loans	-	-	62.83	62.83	-	-	-	-
3. Others	-	-	42.36	42.36	-	-	-	-
II. Current Financial Assets								
1. Current investments	8.01	-	-	8.01	8.01	-	-	8.01
2. Trade receivables	-	-	518.91	518.91	-	-	-	-
3. Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	49.76	49.76	-	-	-	-
4. Other bank balances	-	-	3.11	3.11	-	-	-	-
5. Loans	-	-	18.93	18.93	-	-	-	-
6. Others	0.01	-	49.89	49.90	-	0.01	-	0.01
	8.03	16.63	745.79	770.45	24.64	0.02	-	24.66
Financial liabilities								
I. Non Current Financial Liabilities								
1. Borrowings	-	-	292.69	292.69	-	-	-	-
2. Others	-	-	24.20	24.20	-	-	-	-
II. Current Financial liabilities								
1. Borrowings	-	-	1,015.81	1,015.81	-	-	-	-
2. Trade payables	-	-	627.77	627.77	-	-	-	-
3. Others	0.13	-	240.40	240.53	-	0.13	-	0.13
	0.13	-	2,200.87	2,201.00	-	0.13	-	0.13

(₹ in crore)

March 31, 2023	Carrying amount				Fair value			
	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
I. Non-current Financial Assets								
1. Investments	0.01	16.97	-	16.98	16.97	0.01	-	16.98
2. Loans	-	-	67.53	67.53	-	-	-	-
3. Others	-	-	50.46	50.46	-	-	-	-
II. Current Financial Assets								
1. Trade receivables	-	-	574.03	574.03	-	-	-	-
2. Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	26.72	26.72	-	-	-	-
3. Other bank balances	-	-	2.79	2.79	-	-	-	-
4. Loans	-	-	5.40	5.40	-	-	-	-
5. Others	-	-	65.92	65.92	-	-	-	-
	0.01	16.97	792.85	809.83	16.97	0.01	-	16.98
Financial liabilities								
I. Non-current Financial liabilities								
1. Borrowings	-	-	54.70	54.70	-	-	-	-
2. Others	-	-	17.73	17.73	-	-	-	-
II. Current Financial liabilities								
1. Borrowings	-	-	1,266.77	1,266.77	-	-	-	-
2. Trade payables	-	-	704.33	704.33	-	-	-	-
3. Others	0.71	-	202.42	203.13	-	0.71	-	0.71
	0.71	-	2,245.95	2,246.66	-	0.71	-	0.71

Valuation technique used to determine fair value

The following table shows the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 2 and Level 3 fair values, as well as significant unobservable input used.

Type	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
Forward contract for foreign exchange contracts	- the fair value of the forward foreign exchange contracts is determined using forward exchange rates at the balance sheet date.	NA	NA

Financial risk management

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- Credit risk ;
- Liquidity risk ;
- Market risk; and
- Currency risk;

i. Risk management framework

The Holding Company's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the group's risk management framework. The Board of Directors has established the Risk Management Committee, which is responsible for developing and monitoring the group's risk management policies. The committee reports regularly to the board of directors on its activities

The group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the group's activities. The group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the group's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the group. The audit committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal audit. Internal audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the audit committee.

Note 42.2: Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the group's receivables from customers and loans and advances.

The carrying amount of following financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure:

Trade receivables and loans and advances.

The group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer and the geography in which it operates. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the group grants credit terms in the normal course of business.

The Risk Management Committee has established a credit policy under which each new customer is analysed individually for creditworthiness before the group's standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. The group's export sales are backed by letters of credit, Export Credit Guarantee Corporation and accordingly no provision has been made on the same. Further for domestic sales, the group segments the customers into Distributors and Others for credit monitoring.

The group maintains adequate security deposits for sales made to its distributors. For other trade receivables, the group individually monitors the sanctioned credit limits as against the outstanding balances. Accordingly, the group makes specific provisions against such trade receivables wherever required and monitors the same at periodic intervals. The group establishes an allowance for impairment that represents its estimate of expected losses in respect of trade receivables and loans and advances.

The maximum exposure to credit risk for trade and other receivables by type of counterparty was as follows:

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Carrying amount	
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Trade Receivables (net of credit impaired)	518.91	574.03
Exports		
Distributors	109.58	69.34
Other	-	-
Domestic		
Distributors	334.75	405.84
Other	74.59	98.85
	518.92	574.03
Other Receivables	108.52	115.62

Impairment

The ageing of trade receivables that were not impaired is as per Note 13.

The movement in the allowance for impairment in respect of trade and other receivables during the year was as follows:

(₹ in crore)		
For Trade Receivables	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Balance as on April 1	39.13	44.27
Impairment loss recognised	27.92	29.77
Amounts written off	(27.85)	(34.91)
Balance as on March 31	39.20	39.13

(₹ in crore)		
For Other Receivables	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Balance as on April 1	0.38	0.37
Impairment loss recognised	0.00	0.01
Amounts written off	-	-
Balance as on March 31	0.38	0.38

Cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances

The group held cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances of ₹ 52.87 crore as at March 31, 2024 (Previous Year ₹ 29.51 crore). The cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances are held with bank and financial institution counterparties with good credit rating.

Other than trade and other receivables, the group has no other financial assets that is past due but not impaired.

Note 42.3: Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the group's reputation. The Group has access to funds from debt markets through loans from banks, commercial papers and other debt instruments.

Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date.

(₹ in crore)							
March 31, 2024	Contractual cash flows						
	Carrying amount	Total	0-6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Term Loan from Bank and NCD (including current maturities)	340.49	377.90	34.96	22.80	90.59	226.70	2.85
Other non-current financial liabilities	24.20	24.20	-	-	24.20	-	-
Current, non derivative financial liabilities							
Cash credit from bank	9.33	9.33	9.33	-	-	-	-
Commercial papers	726.02	730.00	730.00	-	-	-	-
Working Capital Loans from Banks	232.66	232.30	232.30	-	-	-	-
Current maturities of long-term debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	627.77	627.77	625.59	0.65	1.53	-	-
Acceptances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other current financial liabilities	347.78	380.23	256.61	12.70	27.93	58.34	24.65
Derivative liability							
MTM on forward exchange contract	0.13	0.13	0.13	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	2,308.38	2,381.86	1,888.92	36.15	144.25	285.04	27.50

(₹ in crore)

March 31, 2023	Contractual cash flows						More than 5 years
	Carrying amount	Total	0-6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Non current, non derivative financial liabilities							
Term loans from Bank	54.70	54.70	-	-	38.12	16.58	-
Other non-current financial liabilities-Non Trade Payables	17.73	17.73	-	-	-	17.73	-
Current, non derivative financial liabilities							
Cash credit from bank	26.69	26.69	26.69	-	-	-	-
Commercial papers	844.07	844.07	844.07	-	-	-	-
Buyers Credit	21.96	21.96	21.96	-	-	-	-
Working Capital Loans from Banks	282.81	282.81	282.81	-	-	-	-
Current maturities of long-term debt	91.24	91.24	52.45	38.79	-	-	-
Trade and other payables	703.26	703.26	703.26	-	-	-	-
Acceptances	1.07	1.07	1.07	-	-	-	-
Other current financial liabilities	202.42	202.42	202.42	-	-	-	-
Derivative liability							
MTM on forward exchange contract	0.71	0.71	0.71	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	2,246.66	2,246.66	2,135.44	38.79	38.12	34.31	-

The gross inflows/(outflows) disclosed in the above table represent the contractual undiscounted cash flows relating to derivative financial liabilities held for risk management purposes and which are not usually closed out before contractual maturity. The disclosure shows net cash flow amounts for derivatives that are net cash-settled and gross cash inflow and outflow amounts for derivatives that have simultaneous gross cash settlement.

The Group has sufficient current assets to manage the liquidity risk, if any, in relation to current financial liabilities.

Note 42.4 : Currency Risk

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices – such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices – will affect the group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

Our Board of Directors and its Audit Committee are responsible for overseeing our risk assessment and management policies. Our major market risks of foreign exchange, interest rate and counter-party risk are managed centrally by our Company treasury department, which evaluates and exercises independent control over the entire process of market risk management.

Interest rate risk is covered by entering into fixed-rate instruments to ensure variability in cash flows attributable to interest rate risk is minimised.

Currency risk

The group's risk management policy is to hedge its foreign currency exposure in accordance with the exposure limits advised from time to time.

The functional currencies of the group companies are primarily the local currency of the respective countries in which they operate. The Group is exposed to currency risk to the extent that there is a mismatch between the currencies in which revenues and expenses are denominated and the respective functional currencies of group companies. The currencies in which these transactions are primarily denominated are INR. Foreign currency revenues and expenses are in the nature of export sales, import purchases, royalty, technical know-how & professional and consultation fees.

Exposure to currency risk

The summary quantitative data about the group's exposure to currency risk as reported to the management of the Group is as follows. The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include estimated interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	March 31, 2024			March 31, 2023		
	USD	EUR	CHF	USD	EUR	CHF
Financial Assets						
Trade and other receivables	125.44	-	-	94.29	-	-
Foreign exchange forward contracts	(30.81)	-	-	-	-	-
Net exposure to foreign currency risk (Assets)	94.63	-	-	94.29	-	-
Financial Liabilities						
Buyers Credit	-	-	-	(21.96)	-	-
Trade payables	(79.17)	(0.60)	-	(243.17)	(0.31)	0.02
Non Trade Payables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign exchange forward contracts	15.98	-	-	174.13	-	-
Net exposure to foreign currency risk (Liabilities)	(63.19)	(0.60)	-	(91.00)	(0.31)	0.02
Net exposure	31.44	(0.60)	-	3.29	(0.31)	0.02
Un-hedged foreign currency exposures						
Purchase	(63.19)	(0.60)	-	(91.00)	(0.31)	0.02
Sale	94.63	-	-	94.29	-	-

Sensitivity analysis

A reasonably possible strengthening (weakening) of the Indian Rupee against all other currencies at March 31, 2024 would have affected the measurement of financial instruments denominated in a foreign currency and affected equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sales and purchases.

Particulars (Effect in INR crore)	Profit or loss / Equity (net of tax)	
	Strengthening	Weakening
March 31, 2024		
USD (1% movement)	0.24	(0.24)
EUR (1% movement)	(0.00)	0.00
CHF (4% movement)	-	-
	0.24	(0.24)

Particulars (Effect in INR crore)	Profit or loss / Equity (net of tax)	
	Strengthening	Weakening
March 31, 2023		
USD (3% movement)	0.07	(0.07)
EUR (4% movement)	(0.01)	0.01
CHF (4% movement)	0.00	(0.00)
	0.06	(0.06)

Note: Sensitivity has been calculated using standard Deviation % of USD and EURO rate movement

Note 42.5: Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate risk or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing financial assets or borrowings because of fluctuations in the interest rates, if such assets/borrowings are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing borrowings will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates.

Exposure to interest rate risk

The interest rate profile of the Group's interest-bearing financial instruments as reported to the management of the Group is as follows.

			(₹ in crore)	
Nominal amount	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023		
Fixed-rate instruments				
Financial Assets				
Loans and Advances	79.94	72.93		
Other financial assets	2.53	12.79		
TOTAL	82.47	85.72		
Financial Liabilities				
Borrowings	1,006.89	1,050.94		
Other financial liabilities	93.55	117.20		
TOTAL	1,100.44	1,168.14		
Variable -rate instruments				
Financial Assets				
Loans and Advances	3.07	-		
TOTAL	3.07	-		
Financial Liabilities				
Borrowings	301.61	270.52		
TOTAL	301.61	270.52		

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable-rate instruments

A reasonably possible change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased (decreased) profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency exchange rates, remain constant.

					(₹ in crore)	
Particulars	Profit or (loss) and Equity (net of tax)		Profit or (loss) and Equity (net of tax)			
	March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023			
	100 bp increase	100 bp decrease	100 bp increase	100 bp decrease		
Variable-rate instruments	(2.26)	2.26	(2.02)	2.02		
Cash flow sensitivity (net)	(2.26)	2.26	(2.02)	2.02		

The risk estimates provided assume a change of 100 basis points interest rate for the interest rate benchmark as applicable to the borrowings, loans and advances summarized above. This calculation also assumes that the change occurs at the balance sheet date and has been calculated based on risk exposures outstanding as at that date. The year end balances are not necessarily representative of the average debt outstanding during the year.

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed-rate instruments

The Group does not account for any borrowings at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

Note 43 : Tax expense

(a) Amounts recognised in profit and loss

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Current income tax	118.19	75.03
Adjustments in respect of earlier years	0.80	(3.64)
Deferred income tax liability / (asset), net		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(7.84)	7.29
Adjustments in respect of earlier years	2.05	3.64
Tax expense for the year	113.20	82.32

(b) Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024			For the year ended March 31, 2023		
	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss						
Remeasurements of defined benefit liability	(1.46)	0.38	(1.08)	(2.63)	0.68	(1.94)
Equity accounted investee's share of other comprehensive income	0.78	-	0.78	0.01	(0.00)	0.01
Changes in Fair Value of investment in equity shares	(0.34)	0.09	(0.25)	(4.74)	1.19	(3.55)
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss						
Exchange difference on translation of financial statements of foreign operations	(1.08)	-	(1.08)	0.80	-	0.80
TOTAL	(2.10)	0.47	(1.63)	(6.56)	1.87	(4.68)

(c) Reconciliation of effective tax rate

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Profit before tax	472.65	377.68
Company's domestic tax rate	25.17%	25.17%
Tax using the Company's domestic tax rate	118.97	95.06
Tax effect of:		
Expenses not allowed for tax purpose	3.92	2.78
Income not considered for tax purpose	(0.05)	-
Tax paid at lower rate	(0.33)	(7.57)
Tax at higher than groups domestic tax rate	5.53	2.39
Share of profit of JV/Associate	(16.23)	(8.26)
Tax in respect of earlier years	2.85	-
Other items	(1.46)	(2.08)
TOTAL	113.20	82.32

The Group's weighted average tax rates for the year ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023 was 23.95% and 21.80% respectively.

Note 44 : Movement in deferred tax balances for the year ended March 31, 2024

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Net balance April 1, 2023	Recognised in profit or loss /OCI			Closing Balance as of March 31, 2024		
		Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	Tax for earlier years	Deferred tax asset	Deferred tax liability	Deferred tax Net
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)							
Property, plant and equipment & Intangible assets	(215.30)	(2.38)	-	(0.75)	0.04	(218.47)	(218.43)
Compensated absences	2.20	0.17	0.08	-	1.51	0.94	2.45
Investments	(0.32)	2.91	0.08	-	1.60	1.07	2.67
Biological Assets	(8.27)	(2.38)	-	-	(8.92)	(1.73)	(10.65)
Doubtful Debts	9.02	(0.12)	-	-	0.90	8.00	8.90
Provisions	2.44	0.78	-	-	1.71	1.51	3.22
MAT Credit Entitlement	9.28	3.28	-	0.47	13.03	-	13.03
Carried forward Loss / Unabsorbed Depreciation	39.75	10.38	-	(0.97)	22.41	26.75	49.16
Right of Use Assets	33.59	(7.46)	-	(0.80)	0.81	24.52	25.33
Lease liabilities	(23.90)	(0.44)	-	-	(0.68)	(23.66)	(24.34)
Others	14.10	3.10	0.31	-	4.29	13.22	17.51
TOTAL	(137.41)	7.84	0.47	(2.05)	36.70	(167.85)	(131.15)

Movement in deferred tax balances for the year ended March 31, 2023

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Net balance April 1, 2022	Recognised in profit or loss /OCI			Closing Balance as of March 31, 2023		
		Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	Tax for earlier years	Deferred tax asset	Deferred tax liability	Deferred tax Net
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities)							
Property, plant and equipment & Intangible assets	(191.33)	(19.76)	-	(4.21)	(3.75)	(211.55)	(215.30)
Compensated absences	3.61	(1.41)	-	-	1.49	0.71	2.20
Investments	(2.66)	1.15	1.19	-	(1.30)	0.98	(0.32)
Biological Assets	(7.02)	(1.25)	-	-	(7.16)	(1.11)	(8.27)
Doubtful Debts	10.19	(1.17)	-	-	0.75	8.27	9.02
Provisions	2.40	(0.11)	0.14	-	1.51	0.93	2.44
MAT Credit Entitlement	7.04	2.24	-	-	9.28	-	9.28
Carried forward Loss / Unabsorbed Depreciation	30.68	9.07	-	-	38.95	0.80	39.75
Leases arrangements	(0.20)	9.32	-	0.57	0.10	9.59	9.69
Others	18.93	(5.37)	0.54	-	2.51	11.59	14.10
TOTAL	(128.36)	(7.29)	1.87	(3.64)	42.38	(179.79)	(137.41)

The group offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities related to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

Significant management judgment is required in determining provision for income tax, deferred income tax assets and liabilities and recoverability of deferred income tax assets. The recoverability of deferred income tax assets is based on estimates of taxable income by each jurisdiction in which the relevant entity operates and the period over which deferred income tax assets will be recovered.

Given that the group does not have any intention to dispose investments in subsidiaries in the foreseeable future, deferred tax asset / liability in relation to such investments has not been recognised.

Deferred tax assets as at March 31, 2024 aggregating to ₹22.41 crores (Previous Year ₹ 38.95 crore) arising on account of business losses/ unabsorbed depreciation incurred. The management has assessed the recoverability of this deferred tax asset within the adequate time-frame.

Note 45 : Capital Management

The Group's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. Management monitors the return on capital as well as the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

The board of directors seeks to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position. The primary objective of the group's Capital Management is to maximise shareholder value. The group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in the light of changes in the economic environment and the requirements of the financial covenants, if any.

The Group monitors capital using a ratio of 'adjusted net debt' to 'equity'. For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as total borrowings, comprising interest-bearing loans and borrowings (excluding lease liability) less cash and cash equivalents. Equity comprises all components of equity.

a) **The Group's adjusted net debt to equity ratio at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023 were as follows.**

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Total Borrowings	1,308.50	1,321.47
Less : Cash and cash equivalent	49.76	26.72
Adjusted net debt	1,258.74	1,294.75
Total equity (including non-controlling interests)	2,921.12	2,743.60
Adjusted net debt to adjusted equity ratio	0.43	0.47

b) **Dividends**

Particulars	(₹ in crore)	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(i) Equity shares		
Final dividend for the year ended March 31, 2023 of ₹ 9.50/- (March 31, 2022 - ₹ 9.50/-) per fully paid share	182.60	182.55
(ii) Dividend not recognised at the end of the reporting period		
The directors have recommended the payment of a final dividend of ₹ 10.00/- per fully paid equity share (March 31, 2023 - ₹ 9.50/- per fully paid equity share). This proposed dividend is subject to the approval of shareholders in the ensuing annual general meeting.	192.21	182.55

Note 46 : Segment Information for the year ended March 31, 2024

Factors used to identify the entity's reportable segments, including the basis of organisation -

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM") of the group. The CODM, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Managing Director (MD) of the group. The group has identified the following segments as reporting segments based on the information reviewed by CODM:

- 1) Animal feed
- 2) Vegetable Oil
- 3) Crop Protection
- 4) Dairy
- 5) Poultry & processed food
- 6) Other Business Segment includes Real Estate, Seed Business and Energy Generation through Windmill and Cattle Breeding Business.

Segment Information
(i) Information about Primary business Segments

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024										Total
	Animal Feed	Vegetable Oil	Crop Protection	Dairy	Poultry and processed food	Other Business	Unallocated	Elimination			
Total Revenue	5,007.65	1,221.03	1,237.78	1,572.86	986.35	100.00	-	-	-	10,125.67	
Less : Inter-segment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(565.12)	-	(565.12)	
External Revenue	5,007.65	1,221.03	1,237.78	1,572.86	986.35	100.00	-	(565.12)	-	9,560.55	
Results											
Segment Results	231.17	173.16	216.43	30.99	46.43	(14.64)	-	-	-	683.54	
Unallocated expenditure net of unallocated income							(165.56)	-	-	(165.56)	
Interest expenses							(114.22)	6.35		(107.87)	
Interest Income						0.45	16.09	(6.25)		10.29	
Dividend Income and Profit on Fair Valuation / sale of Investments							34.87	(34.66)		0.21	
Profit before Tax & Share of Equity Accounted Investees	231.17	173.16	216.43	30.99	46.43	(14.19)	(228.82)	(34.56)		420.61	
Share of Equity Accounted Investees Net of Tax							52.04	-		52.04	
Profit Before Taxation	231.17	173.16	216.43	30.99	46.43	(14.19)	(176.78)	(34.56)		472.65	
Provision for taxation	-	-	(15.31)	2.95	16.26	0.11	112.38	(3.19)		113.20	
Profit after taxation	231.17	173.16	231.74	28.04	30.17	(14.30)	(289.16)	(31.37)		359.45	
Segment assets	1,870.75	521.51	1,468.64	848.01	517.27	129.74	504.84	(157.49)		5,703.27	
Segment liabilities	515.27	58.14	898.18	460.19	221.45	32.82	753.59	(157.49)		2,782.15	
Capital expenditure	45.96	99.69	152.06	37.05	35.46	8.48	6.38	-		385.08	
Depreciation and amortisation	64.78	36.03	50.19	35.54	18.06	4.32	6.26	(0.89)		214.29	

(₹ in crore)

Segment Information
(i) Information about Primary business Segments

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023								Elimination	Total
	Animal Feed	Vegetable Oil	Crop Protection	Dairy	Poultry and processed food	Other Business	Unallocated			
Total Revenue	4,956.69	1,298.49	1,196.25	1,501.13	1,003.12	54.57	-	-	-	10,010.25
Less : Inter-segment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(636.57)	(636.57)
External Revenue	4,956.69	1,298.49	1,196.25	1,501.13	1,003.12	54.57	-	-	(636.57)	9,373.68
Results										
Segment Results	176.09	249.11	125.50	(43.85)	16.14	(6.76)	-	-	-	516.23
Unallocated expenditure net of unallocated income							(82.89)			(82.89)
Interest expenses							(102.62)		3.50	(99.12)
Interest Income							14.66		(3.36)	11.30
Dividend Income and Profit on sale of Investments							24.12		(23.94)	0.18
Profit before Tax & Share of Equity Accounted Investees	176.09	249.11	125.50	(43.85)	16.14	(6.76)	(146.73)		(23.80)	345.70
Share of Equity Accounted Investees Net of Tax							31.98		-	31.98
Profit Before Taxation	176.09	249.11	125.50	(43.85)	16.14	(6.76)	(114.75)		(23.80)	377.68
Provision for taxation	-	-	9.31	(14.67)	4.32	0.06	85.14		(1.84)	82.32
Profit after taxation	176.09	249.11	116.19	(29.18)	11.82	(6.82)	(199.89)		(21.96)	295.36
Segment assets	1,804.93	444.83	1,549.19	808.71	520.26	129.87	409.50		(181.34)	5,485.95
Segment liabilities	481.23	55.35	817.57	428.52	250.75	48.70	841.57		(181.34)	2,742.35
Capital expenditure	86.38	58.36	144.16	33.66	27.71	5.25	1.76		-	357.28
Depreciation and amortisation	51.46	30.43	44.45	31.96	17.78	3.74	6.51		(0.86)	185.47

(ii) The Segment revenue in each of the above business segments consists of sales (net of returns, goods and service tax, rebates etc.) and other operating revenue.

(iii) Segment Revenue. Results, Assets and liabilities include the respective amounts identifiable to each of the segments and amounts allocated on a reasonable basis.

(iv) Revenues from transactions with a single customer in no case exceeded 10% of the Company's sales in current as well as previous year.

(v) Non Current assets of the company are situated in India.

(vi) Unallocable expenditure/income includes general administrative expenses & other expenses incurred on common services and income earned at the corporate level and relate to the Group as a whole.

Note 47 : Contingent Liabilities

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Claims against the group not acknowledged as debts:		
(i) Excise Matter		
Excise duty demands relating to disputed classification, assessable values, availment of credit etc. which the group has contested and is in appeal at various levels.	130.59	127.57
(ii) Customs Matter		
The group has preferred an appeal with the Customs Dept. in the matter of Assessable value of imported Capital goods and presently the case is pending with the Commissioner of Customs, Chennai.	3.08	1.83
(iii) Goods and Service tax (GST)		
a GST demands relating to issues pertaining to cenvat credit transition to GST. The said amount includes up-to-date interest.	0.14	0.14
b GST demand pertains to disallowance of input tax credit claimed in Trans 1 & 2. The Company shall be filing an appeal against the impugned order in the GST Appellate Tribunal as and when the same is constituted.	0.87	0.87
c Issue pertaining to service tax credit of EOU unit -The said amount includes up-to-date interest.	1.68	1.55
d Availment of Goods Service Tax input tax credit disputed values, which the Company has contested and is in appeal at various levels	5.10	-
(iv) Income Tax		
a The Group has preferred appeal against the order of assessing officer and CIT in which demand of ₹ 4.76 crores has been determined for various assessment years as under. The said demand also included interest payable up to the date of passing order by the competent authority i.e. assessing officer / CIT.	4.52	4.76
b The Group has preferred an appeal before the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) against the Order of the Assessing Officer in which he has disallowed against sec. 14A in respect of exempt income , Depreciation on Land/ rights in Land of Godrej One and cash deposited during demonetization period.	1.78	1.78
c The group has preferred appeals against the disallowance of deduction U/s 32(1)(iia) (Additional depreciation), dis-allowance u/s 14A & u/s.56(2)(viib), 36(2) and 80JJA of the Income Tax Act, 1961. Tax paid under protest as at 31 March 2022: ₹ 2.39 crore (Previous Year - ₹ 2.35 crore).	23.61	23.61
d The Group has preferred an appeal before the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) against the order of Assessing officer.	0.07	0.07
(v) Sales Tax Matters		
a Pending before JSCT(Appeal)	6.60	6.60
b Contingent Liabilities against pending C & H Forms	0.66	0.66
c Indirect tax cases	0.86	0.86
d Value added tax demands relating to disputed classification, assessable values, availment of credit etc. which the Company has contested and is in appeal at various levels.	3.59	11.14
e Sales tax demands relating to Non- submission of declaration forms which the Company has contested and is in appeal with Joint Commissioner of sales tax, Mumbai	-	0.07
(vi) Civil Matter		
Nath Bio-Genes (India) Ltd has filed a suit against the Group alleging that some product supplied by the Group was responsible for the poor germination of its seeds.	65.00	65.00
(vii) Surety Bond issued on behalf of related party.	1.21	1.21
(viii) Other claims against the group not acknowledged as debt	6.14	8.52

Note 47.1 : Contingent liabilities represents estimates made mainly for probable claims arising out of litigation/ disputes pending with authorities under various statutes (Excise duty, Customs duty, Income tax). The probability and timing of outflow with regard to these matters depend on the final outcome of litigations/ disputes. Hence the Group is not able to reasonably ascertain the timing of the outflow.

Note 47.2 : The Hon'ble Supreme Court of India ("SC") by their order dated February 28, 2019, in the case of Surya Roshani Limited & others v/s EPFO, set out the principles based on which allowances paid to the employees should be identified for inclusion in basic wages for the purposes of computation of Provident Fund contribution. The company has started complying with this prospectively from the month of March 2019. In respect of the past period there are significant implementation and interpretative challenges that the management is facing and is awaiting for clarity to emerge in this regard, pending which, this matter has been disclosed under the Contingent liability section in the financial statements. The impact of the same is not ascertainable.

Note 48 : Commitments

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Estimated value of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of Advances), to the extent not provided for	33.97	134.72
Outstanding Export obligation Under EPCG Scheme	0.49	0.49

Note 49 : Information in Respect of Investment in Associates.

During the year, investment in Al Rahaba International Trading Limited Liability Company, Abu Dhabi, UAE is (Struck off w.e.f. 18 April, 2023).

Note 50 : Events occurring after the reporting period -

Refer Note 45 (b) (ii) Capital Management for the final dividend recommended by the directors which is subject to the approval of shareholders in the ensuing annual general meeting.

Note 51 : With a view to focus on its core activities, the Company had partially sold the real estate project during the previous year to Godrej Properties Limited and the revenue of ₹ Nil (Previous year : ₹ 2.33 crore) has been included in other operating revenue and cost thereof has been included in the cost of material consumed.

Note 52 : Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets with indefinite useful life.

The Goodwill and Indefinite life intangible assets (Brand) are tested for impairment and accordingly no impairment charges were identified for the year ended March 31, 2024.

The Goodwill and intangible asset (Brand) arises from the following Group's Cash Generating Units (CGU):

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Astec LifeSciences Limited (Crop Protection) (Goodwill)	118.16	118.16
Creamline Dairy Products Limited (Dairy)		
- Goodwill	76.70	76.70
- Brand	38.22	38.22
Godrej Tyson Foods Limited (Poultry) (Goodwill)	64.18	64.18
Godrej Maxximilk Private Limited (Cattle Breeding) (Goodwill)	5.84	5.84
TOTAL	303.10	303.10

Astec LifeSciences Limited

The recoverable amount of this Cash Generating Unit (CGU) is higher of its fair value less cost to sell and its value in use. The goodwill allocated pertains to a listed entity and accordingly, the fair value of the CGU is determined based on market capitalisation.

Creamline Dairy Products Limited

The recoverable amount of a CGU is based on its value in use. The value in use is estimated using discounted cash flows over a period of 3 years. Cash flows beyond 3 years is estimated by capitalising the future maintainable cash flows by an appropriate capitalisation rate and then discounted using appropriate discount rate.

Godrej Agrovet Limited

Operating margins and growth rates for the three year cash flow projections have been estimated based on past experience and after considering the financial budgets/forecasts approved by Board and Directors of the subsidiary. Other key assumptions used in the estimation of the recoverable amount are set out below. The values assigned to the key assumptions represent management's assessment of future trends in the relevant industry and have been based on historical data from both external and internal sources.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Discount rate	12%	12%
Long term growth rate beyond 3 years	5%	5%

The management believes that any reasonably possible change in the key assumptions would not cause the carrying amount to exceed the recoverable amount of the CGU.

Godrej Tyson Foods Limited

The recoverable amount of a CGU is based on its value in use. The value in use is estimated using discounted cash flows over a period of 3 years. Cash flows beyond 3 years is estimated by capitalising the future maintainable cash flows by an appropriate capitalisation rate and then discounted using appropriate discount rate.

Operating margins and growth rates for the three year cash flow projections have been estimated based on past experience and after considering the financial budgets/forecasts approved by Board and Directors of the subsidiary. Other key assumptions used in the estimation of the recoverable amount are set out below. The values assigned to the key assumptions represent management's assessment of future trends in the relevant industry and have been based on historical data from both external and internal sources.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Discount rate	12%	12%
Long term growth rate beyond 3 years	5%	5%

The management believes that any reasonably possible change in the key assumptions would not cause the carrying amount to exceed the recoverable amount of the CGU.

Godrej Cattle Genetics Private Limited (Formerly known as Godrej Maxximilk Private Limited)

The recoverable amount of a CGU is based on its value in use. The value in use is estimated using discounted cash flows over a period of 5 years. Cash flows beyond 5 years is estimated by capitalising the future maintainable cash flows by an appropriate capitalisation rate and then discounted using appropriate discount rate.

Operating margins and growth rates for the five year cash flow projections have been estimated based on past experience and after considering the financial budgets/forecasts approved by Board and Directors of the subsidiary. Other key assumptions used in the estimation of the recoverable amount are set out below. The values assigned to the key assumptions represent management's assessment of future trends in the relevant industry and have been based on historical data from both external and internal sources.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Discount rate	12%	12%
Long term growth rate beyond 5 years	5%	5%

The management believes that any reasonably possible change in the key assumptions would not cause the carrying amount to exceed the recoverable amount of the CGU.

Note 53:

No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Group to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Group (Ultimate Beneficiaries).

The Group has not received any fund from any party(s) (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Group shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Group ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

Note 54: Disclosure of Joint Venture and Associates

Equity accounted investees

Financial information of joint ventures and associates that are material to the Group is provided below :

(₹ in crore)

Name of the entity	Place of Business	% of ownership interest as of March 31, 2024	% of ownership interest as of March 31, 2023	Relationship	Accounting method	Carrying Amounts	
						March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
ACI Godrej Agrovet Private Limited*	Bangladesh	50.0%	50.0%	Joint Venture	Equity method	139.12	106.62
Omnivore India Capital Trust	Maharashtra	9.62%	9.62%	Investment entity and Joint Venture	Equity method	12.80	34.81
Al Rahaba International Trading Limited Liability Company#	Abu Dhabi	NA	24.0%	Associate	Equity method	-	-
Total equity accounted investments						151.92	141.43

* Unlisted equity, no quoted prices available

Investment liquidated during the year w.e.f April 18, 2023.

Summary financial information of ACI Godrej Agrovet Private Limited not adjusted for the percentage ownership held by the Company is as follows:

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Ownership	50.0%	50.0%
Cash and cash equivalent	64.07	16.47
Other current assets	505.58	374.14
Total current assets	569.65	390.61
Total non-current assets	236.16	220.67
Total assets	805.81	611.28
Current liabilities		
Financial liabilities (excluding trade payables and provisions)	150.76	80.12
Other liabilities	332.34	274.22
Total current liabilities	483.10	354.34
Total non current liabilities	48.16	45.79
Total liabilities	531.26	400.13
Net assets	274.55	211.15
Groups' share of net assets	137.28	105.58
Carrying amount of interest in joint venture	139.12	106.62
Reconciliation of Group share of net assets and carrying amount of interest in joint venture	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Carrying amount of interest in joint venture	139.12	106.62
Less : Other adjustments	1.84	1.04
Groups' share of net assets	137.28	105.58

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Revenues	1,954.02	1,946.70
Gain on disposal of Property, plant & Equipment	0.15	0.02
Depreciation and amortisation	27.03	26.93
Interest expense (net)	(29.34)	(16.08)
Income tax expense	(26.27)	(12.52)
Profit from continuing operations	131.20	65.77
Profit from discontinued operations	-	-
Profit for the year	131.20	65.77
Other comprehensive income	1.56	0.02
Total comprehensive income	132.76	65.79
Group's share of profit	65.60	32.89
Group's share of Other comprehensive income (net off tax)	0.78	0.01
Group's share of Total comprehensive income (net off tax)	66.38	32.90

Net Asset of Omnivore India Capital Trust and group's share

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Net Assets	133.13	361.63
Groups' share of net assets (in %)	9.62%	9.62%
Groups' share of net assets (Amount)	12.80	34.81

Note 55: Non Controlling Interest

Non controlling interest

Financial information of subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests is provided below :

Name of the entity	Place of business / country of incorporation	Ownership interest held by the group		Ownership interest held by non-controlling interest		Principal activities
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Astec LifeSciences Limited	India	64.77%	64.77%	35.23%	35.23%	Manufacturing and Distribution of Agrochemical active ingredients and pharmaceutical intermediates.
Creamline Dairy Products Limited	India	51.91%	51.91%	48.09%	48.09%	The Company is principally engaged in milk procurement, processing of milk and manufacturing of milk products. The Company is also engaged in generation of power through renewable energy sources.
Godrej Tyson Foods Limited	India	51.00%	51.00%	49.00%	49.00%	The Company is principally engaged in poultry processing, marketing and selling of value added vegetarian and poultry products.

The following table summarises information relating to each of the Group's subsidiary, before any inter-company eliminations

I. Summarised Statement of Profit or Loss

(a) Astec LifeSciences Limited

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Total Revenue	463.82	640.70
Profit/ (Loss) for the year	(48.24)	25.48
Other Comprehensive Income / (loss)	(0.58)	(0.22)
Profit / (loss) allocated to non-controlling interests	(16.97)	9.44
OCI allocated to non-controlling interests	(0.21)	(0.08)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	1.06	1.08

(b) Creamline Dairy Products Limited

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Total Revenue	1,576.69	1,505.88
Profit/ (Loss) for the year	7.83	(41.44)
Other Comprehensive Income / (loss)	(0.23)	0.06
Profit / (loss) allocated to non-controlling interests	3.76	(19.93)
OCI allocated to non-controlling interests	(0.11)	0.03
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	-	-

(c) Godrej Tyson Foods Limited

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Total Revenue	988.00	1,004.84
Profit/ (Loss) for the year	26.49	8.04
Other Comprehensive Income / (loss)	(0.19)	(0.17)
Profit / (loss) allocated to non-controlling interests	12.98	3.94
OCI allocated to non-controlling interests	(0.10)	(0.08)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	-	-

II. Summarised Balance Sheet

(a) Astec LifeSciences Limited

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Non-current liabilities	211.66	37.52
Current liabilities	397.16	526.20
Total liabilities	608.82	563.72
Non-current assets	586.81	492.69
Current assets	398.49	498.85
Total assets	985.30	991.54
Net assets	376.48	427.82
Net assets attributable to non-controlling interest	132.63	150.77

(b) Creamline Dairy Products Limited

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Non-current liabilities	242.65	143.88
Current liabilities	199.43	266.52
Total liabilities	442.08	410.40
Non-current assets	572.93	575.80
Current assets	198.39	156.22
Total assets	771.32	732.02
Net assets	329.24	321.62
Net assets attributable to non-controlling interest	158.33	154.68

(c) Godrej Tyson Foods Limited

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Non-current liabilities	32.60	31.58
Current liabilities	188.84	219.17
Total liabilities	221.44	250.75
Non-current assets	263.24	240.25
Current assets	189.85	215.83
Total assets	453.09	456.08
Net assets	231.65	205.33
Net assets attributable to non-controlling interest	113.51	100.61

III. Summarised cash flow information
(a) Astec LifeSciences Ltd.

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Cash flows from (used in) in operating activities	10.22	74.66
Cash flows from (used in) in investing activities	(135.18)	(112.51)
Cash flows from (used in) in financing activities	124.96	37.77
Net increase /(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	-	(0.08)

(b) Creamline Dairy Products Limited

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Cash flows from (used in) in operating activities	46.67	24.74
Cash flows from (used in) in investing activities	(43.70)	(32.76)
Cash flows from (used in) in financing activities	(8.87)	8.78
Net increase /(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(5.90)	0.76

(c) Godrej Tyson Foods Limited

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Cash flows from (used in) in operating activities	41.71	32.13
Cash flows from (used in) in investing activities	(33.20)	(25.13)
Cash flows from (used in) in financing activities	(5.10)	(6.70)
Net increase /(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3.41	0.30

Transactions with Non-Controlling Interests - Astec LifeSciences Limited

- I. During the current year, the Group has acquired Nil (previous year 1.48%) of interest in Astec LifeSciences Limited.

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Carrying amount of non-controlling interests acquired	-	6.60
Consideration paid	-	55.36
Decrease in Equity attributable to the owners of the Company	-	(48.76)

Note 56 : Additional information, as required under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

(₹ in crore)

Name of the entity in	Net Assets - total assets minus total liabilities (net off inter company eliminations)		Share in profit or loss		Share in other Comprehensive Income		Share in Total Comprehensive Income	
	As % of Consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of Consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of Consolidated other Comprehensive Income	Amount	As % of Consolidated Total Comprehensive Income	Amount
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Parent								
1. Godrej Agrovet Limited								
March 31, 2024	50.95%	1,488.45	90.38%	324.87	19.63%	(0.32)	90.70%	324.55
March 31, 2023	48.29%	1,324.88	93.23%	275.35	109.98%	(5.16)	92.95%	270.19
Subsidiaries								
Indian								
2. Godvet Agrochem Limited								
March 31, 2024	0.65%	19.06	0.36%	1.31	0.00%	-	0.37%	1.31
March 31, 2023	0.65%	17.74	0.31%	0.92	0.00%	-	0.32%	0.92
3. Astec Lifesciences Limited								
March 31, 2024	12.38%	361.51	-8.57%	(30.79)	23.27%	(0.38)	-8.71%	(31.17)
March 31, 2023	14.39%	394.75	5.33%	15.75	3.01%	(0.14)	5.37%	15.61
4. Creamline Dairy Products Limited								
March 31, 2024	8.50%	248.37	1.13%	4.06	7.25%	(0.12)	1.10%	3.94
March 31, 2023	8.91%	244.43	-7.28%	(21.51)	-0.71%	0.03	-7.39%	(21.48)
5. Godrej Tyson Foods Limited								
March 31, 2024	6.24%	182.31	3.76%	13.51	6.07%	(0.10)	3.75%	13.41
March 31, 2023	6.16%	168.90	1.39%	4.10	2.02%	(0.09)	1.38%	4.01
6. Godrej Maxximilk Private Limited								
March 31, 2024	2.23%	65.03	-1.48%	(5.33)	0.87%	(0.01)	-1.49%	(5.34)
March 31, 2023	1.65%	45.40	-1.59%	(4.69)	0.00%	-	-1.61%	(4.69)
Minority interest in all subsidiaries								
March 31, 2024	13.85%	404.47	-0.06%	(0.22)	25.21%	(0.41)	-0.18%	(0.63)
March 31, 2023	14.80%	406.07	-2.22%	(6.55)	2.77%	(0.13)	-2.30%	(6.68)

(₹ in crore)

Name of the entity in	Net Assets - total assets minus total liabilities (net off inter company eliminations)		Share in profit or loss		Share in other Comprehensive Income		Share in Total Comprehensive Income	
	As % of Consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of Consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of Consolidated other Comprehensive Income	Amount	As % of Consolidated Total Comprehensive Income	Amount
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Associates (Investment as per equity method)								
AI Rahaba International Trading Limited Liability Company								
March 31, 2024	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
March 31, 2023	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
Joint Ventures (as per proportionate consolidation / Investment as per equity method)								
Indian								
Omnivore India Capital Trust								
March 31, 2024	0.44%	12.80	-3.77%	(13.56)	0.00%	-	-3.79%	(13.56)
March 31, 2023	1.27%	34.81	-0.31%	(0.91)	0.00%	-	-0.31%	(0.91)
Foreign								
ACI Godrej Agrovet Private Limited								
March 31, 2024	4.76%	139.12	18.25%	65.60	18.00%	(0.29)	18.25%	65.31
March 31, 2023	3.89%	106.62	11.13%	32.89	-17.02%	0.80	11.59%	33.68
March 31, 2024	100.00%	2,921.12	100.00%	359.45	100.00%	(1.63)	100.00%	357.82
March 31, 2023	100.00%	2,743.60	100.00%	295.36	100.00%	(4.69)	100.00%	290.67

Note 57 : Relationship and Transactions with Struck off Companies

(₹ in crore)

Name of Struck off Company	Nature of transactions (pertaining to balance outstanding)	Transactions during the year March 31, 2024	Balance Outstanding as on March 31, 2024	Relationship with Struck off Company
J M Water Treatment India Private Limited	Receivable	-	0.00	Non-Related Party
Utkarsh Agro Industries Pvt Ltd	Receivable	0.00	0.00	Non-Related Party
Brand Batua E Solutions Private Limited	Payable	-	(0.02)	Non-Related Party
Maestro Energy Private Limited	Payable	-	(0.03)	Non-Related Party
Sara Cattle Feeds Private Limited	Payable	-	(0.01)	Non-Related Party
Ackntech Software Solutions Private Limited	Payable	-	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
Agrisy Layer Farm Private Limited	Payable	-	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
Nedumkandam Agro Trading Company Private Limited	Payable	0.01	(0.03)	Non-Related Party
Yeerla Retail Private Limited	Payable	-	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
Dudha Dairy & Services Limited	Payable	0.00	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
GSLD Egg and Agro Pvt Ltd	Payable	-	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
Kannauj Chemicals & Seeds Pvt Ltd	Payable	0.00	-	Non-Related Party
Dikshita Hatcheries And Farms Private Limited	Payable	(0.00)	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
Madhapur New Café Hospitality	Payable	0.17	(0.03)	Non-Related Party

(₹ in Crore)

Name of Struck off Company	Nature of transactions (pertaining to balance outstanding)	Transactions during the year March 31, 2023	Balance Outstanding as on March 31, 2023	Relationship with Struck off Company
Nedumkandam Agro Trading Company	Receivables	0.02	0.00	Non-Related Party
Tyagi Agriscience Pvt Ltd	Receivables	0.00	-	Non-Related Party
Utkarsh Agro Industries Pvt Ltd	Payables	-	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
Dudha Dairy & Services Limited	Payables	0.00	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
GSLD Egg and Agro Pvt Ltd	Payables	-	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
Acknotech Software Solutions Private	Payables	0.00	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
Dikshita Hatcheries and Farms Pvt Ltd	Payables	0.00	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
Agrisy Layer Farm Private Limited	Payables	-	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
Maestro Energy Pvt Ltd	Payables	-	(0.01)	Non-Related Party
Krushnaraj Agro Jaggery Powder Pvt Ltd	Payables	0.00	-	Non-Related Party
Yeerla Retail Private Limited	Payables	-	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
Kannauj Chemicals & Seeds Pvt Ltd	Payables	0.00	(0.00)	Non-Related Party

The amount reflected as "0.00" are values with less than ₹ one lakh.

Note 58 : Related Party Disclosures

- 1 In compliance with Ind AS 24 - "Related Party Disclosures", as notified under Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, the required disclosures are given below:

(a) (i)	Key Management Personnel and Entities where Key Management Personnel has significant influence and their Relatives	Mr. N. B. Godrej (Chairman)
		Mr. J. N. Godrej (Upto 23rd January, 2024)
		Mr. V. M. Crishna (upto 8th November, 2021)
		Ms. Tanya A. Dubash
		Ms. Nisaba Godrej
		Mr. Pirojsha A. Godrej
		Mr. Burjis Godrej (Executive Director w.e.f. November 1, 2022)
		Mr. B. S. Yadav (Managing Director)
		Dr. Raghunath A. Mashelkar
		Dr. Ritu Anand
		Ms. Aditi Kothari Desai
		Ms. Roopa Purushothaman
		Mr. N. Srinivasan
		Mr. Kannan Sitaram
		Mr. Ashok Gulati
		Ms. Ritu Verma (Appointed w.e.f. January 27, 2023)
		Mr. S. Varadaraj (Chief Financial Officer)
		Mr. Vivek Raizada (Company Secretary)
		Mr. A. B. Godrej
		Mr. Nitin Nabar (KMP of Holding Co.)
Mr. Clement Pinto (KMP of Holding Co.)		

Ms.Tejal Jariwala (KMP of Holding Co.)
The Raika Godrej Family Trust
ABG Family Trust
TAD Family Trust
TAD Children Trust
NG Family Trust
NG Children Trust
PG Family Trust
PG Children Trust
PG Lineage Trust
NBG Family Trust
RNG Family Trust
BNG Successor Trust
BNG Lineage Trust
BNG Family Trust
HNG Family Trust
SNG Successor Trust
SNG Lineage Trust
SNG Family Trust
JNG Family Trust
PJG Family Trust
RJG Family Trust
NJG Family Trust
SGC Family Trust
VMC Family Trust
FVC Family Trust
FVC Children Trust
NVC Family Trust
NVC Children Trust
Navroze Lineage Trust
Raika Lineage Trust
Ms.Rati Burjis Godrej
Mr.Sohrab Nadir Godrej
Mr.Hormazd Nadir Godrej
Aloo Vaghaiwala
Behram Vaghaiwala
Freny Mody
Armaity Vaghaiwala
Aryan Arvind Dubash
Aryaan Arvind Dubash
Ms. Karla Bookman

		Ms. Lana Godrej
		Ms. Sasha Godrej
		Ms. Smita Crishna Godrej
		Ms. Pheroza Jamshyd Godrej
		Ms. Freyan Crishna Bieri
		Ms. Nyrika Holkar
		Mr. Navroze Jamshyd Godrej
		Ms. Raika Jamshyd Godrej
		Mr. Rishad Kaikhushru Naoroji
(b)	(i) Holding companies	Godrej Industries Limited
		Godrej Properties Limited
	(ii) Fellow Subsidiary Companies	Godrej Housing Finance Limited
		Godrej One Premises Management Private Limited
		Godrej Vikhroli Properties India Limited
	(iii) Joint Ventures	ACI Godrej Agrovet Private Limited, Bangladesh
		Omnivore India Capital Trust
	(iv) Associates	Al Rahba International Trading Limited Liability Company, United Arab Emirates (UAE) (Upto April 18, 2023)
		Godrej & Boyce Manufacturing Company Limited
		Godrej Consumer Products Limited
		Godrej Seeds & Genetics Limited
		Godrej Infotech Limited
		Asha Holding Private Limited
		Kavali Milkline Private Limited
		Khammam Milkline Private Limited
		Mohan Milkline Private Limited
		Pamuru Milkline Private Limited
		Pragathi Milkline Private Limited
		Vidya Milkline Private Limited
		Ongole Milkline Private Limited.
		Dhulipalla Milkline Private Limited
		Prima Food Tech Private Limited
		Orgaa Farms Private Limited
		Wereco Foods Private Limited
		RKN Enterprises
		Anamudi Real Estates LLP
	(vi) Post-employment benefit plan (entities) for the benefit of employees of the company	Godrej Agrovet Limited Provident Fund Trust
		Godrej Agrovet Limited Superannuation Scheme
		Godrej Agrovet Limited Group Gratuity Trust

2. The following transactions were carried out with the related parties in the ordinary course of business :
(i) Details relating to parties referred to in items 1 (b) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), (vi)

(₹ in crore)							
Sr. No.	Nature of Transactions	Holding Companies	Subsidiaries	Fellow Subsidiaries	Joint Ventures	Associates	Other related Parties
		(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(v)	(vi) & (vii)
1	Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(0.01)	-	-	-	-	(1.91)
		-	-	-	-	-	9.16
2	Sale / Transfer of property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-	-	15.33
3	Sale/Redemption of units in joint venture	-	-	-	8.43	-	-
		-	-	-	9.71	-	-
4	Advances given during the year	-	-	-	-	-	0.01
		-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Sundry deposits placed	0.10	-	-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Sale of materials / finished goods / other operating revenue	0.01	-	-	-	-	16.97
		2.89	-	2.33	3.94	-	4.50
7	Purchase of materials / finished goods / services	8.69	-	-	-	-	339.06
		10.22	-	-	-	-	249.37
8	Expenses charged to / reimbursement received from other companies	0.61	-	0.11	-	-	0.54
		0.87	-	-	-	-	0.30
9	Expenses charged by / reimbursement made to other companies	8.46	-	2.59	-	-	2.40
		12.19	-	2.74	-	-	0.38
10	Dividend income	-	-	-	32.80	-	-
		-	-	-	22.08	-	-
11	Dividend paid	118.48	-	-	-	-	3.94
		117.82	-	-	-	-	3.94
12	Sundry income	-	-	-	11.59	-	0.01
		-	-	-	5.92	-	0.01
13	Capital advance given during the year	-	-	-	-	-	2.41
		-	-	-	-	-	8.04
14	Outstanding capital advance	-	-	0.07	-	-	-
		-	-	0.07	-	-	-
15	Outstanding receivables	2.27	-	0.11	15.77	-	0.11
		1.37	-	0.10	24.98	-	6.46
16	Outstanding payables	-	-	3.33	-	-	10.31
		-	-	3.33	-	-	11.25
17	Guarantees outstanding	-	-	-	-	-	1.21
		-	-	-	-	-	1.21
18	Contribution to post-employment benefit plans	-	-	-	-	-	29.61
		-	-	-	-	-	27.72

(ii) Details relating to persons referred to in items 1(a)(i) above

(₹ in crore)

Sr. No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1	Remuneration to key management personnel		
	Salary and short term employee benefit paid	8.71	13.85
	Post employee gratuity & medical benefits	0.15	0.14
	Shared based payment	1.01	1.22
2	Dividend paid	16.16	16.08
3	Director's sitting fees	0.44	0.41
4	Director's commission	1.02	1.11

3. Significant Related Party Transactions :

(₹ in crore)

Sr. No.	Nature of Transaction	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1	Purchase of property, plant and equipment		
	Godrej & Boyce Manufacturing Company Limited	1.91	9.13
	Godrej Industries Limited	0.01	-
	Godrej Consumer Products Limited	-	0.02
2	Sale / Transfer of property, plant and equipment		
	Godrej & Boyce Manufacturing Company Limited	-	11.83
3	Sale/Redemption of units in joint venture		
	Omnivore India Capital Trust	8.43	9.71
4	Advances given during the year		
	Godrej & Boyce Manufacturing Company Limited	0.01	0.00
5	Sundry deposits placed		
	Godrej Industries Limited	0.10	-
6	Sale of materials / finished goods / other operating revenue		
	ACI Godrej Agrovat Private Limited	-	3.94
	Godrej Consumer Products Limited	16.91	4.44
	Godrej Industries Limited	0.01	2.89
	Godrej Properties Limited	-	2.33
	Khammam Milkline Private Limited	0.06	0.07
7	Purchase of materials / finished goods / services		
	Godrej & Boyce Manufacturing Company Limited	0.29	0.14
	Godrej Industries Limited	8.69	10.22
	Godrej Consumer Products Limited	0.21	1.93
	Godrej Seeds & Genetics Limited	225.09	146.30
	Ongole Milkline Private Limited	3.94	8.65

(₹ in crore)

Sr. No.	Nature of Transaction	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
	Mohan Milkline Private Limited	44.95	35.90
	Vidya Milkline Private Limited	11.92	11.52
	Khammam Milkline Private Limited	15.64	12.23
	Pamuru Milkline Private Limited	15.38	14.69
	Kavali Milkline Private Limited	21.14	16.00
	Pragathi Milkline Private Limited	0.50	2.02
8	Expenses charged to / reimbursement received from other companies		
	Godrej & Boyce Manufacturing Company Limited	-	0.22
	Godrej Consumer Products Limited	0.54	0.08
	Godrej Industries Limited	0.61	0.87
	Godrej Properties Limited	0.11	-
9	Expenses charged by / reimbursement made to other companies		
	Godrej Infotech Limited	0.17	0.13
	Godrej & Boyce Manufacturing Company Limited	0.07	0.13
	Godrej Consumer Products Limited	1.79	0.12
	Godrej Industries Limited	8.46	12.19
	Godrej One Premises Management Private Limited	2.59	2.74
	Godrej Seeds & Genetics Limited	-	-
	Asha Holding Private Limited	0.10	-
	Orga Farms Private Limited	0.17	-
	Wereco Foods Private Limited	0.10	-
10	Dividend income		
	Omnivore India Capital Trust	-	0.01
	ACI Godrej Agrovet Private Limited	32.80	22.07
11	Dividend paid		
	Godrej Industries Limited	118.48	117.82
	Mr. B. S. Yadav (Managing Director)	3.16	3.14
	Mr. N. B. Godrej (Chairman)	0.00	0.00
	Mr. A. B. Godrej	0.00	0.00
	Ms. Tanya A. Dubash	0.19	0.02
	Ms. Nisaba Godrej	0.00	0.00
	Mr. Pirojsha A. Godrej	0.39	0.39
	Mr. Nitin Nabar (KMP of Holding Co.)	0.01	-
	Mr. Clement Pinto (KMP of Holding Co.)	0.00	-
	Ms. Tejal Jariwala (KMP of Holding Co.)	0.00	-
	Dr. Ritu Anand	0.00	0.00
	Ms. Roopa Purushothaman	0.00	0.00

(₹ in crore)

Sr. No.	Nature of Transaction	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
	Mr. S. Varadaraj (Chief Financial Officer)	0.22	0.21
	Mr. Vivek Raizada (Company Secretary)	0.00	0.00
	The Raika Godrej Family Trust	0.00	0.00
	ABG Family Trust	0.00	0.00
	TAD Family Trust	0.61	0.73
	TAD Children Trust	0.00	0.00
	BNG Family Trust	0.82	0.82
	HNG Family Trust	0.82	0.82
	SNG Family Trust	0.82	0.82
	NG Family Trust	0.82	0.82
	NG Children Trust	0.00	0.00
	PG Family Trust	0.00	0.00
	PG Children Trust	0.00	0.00
	PG Lineage Trust	0.00	0.00
	NBG Family Trust	0.00	0.00
	RNG Family Trust	0.00	0.00
	BNG Successor Trust	0.00	0.00
	BNG Lineage Trust	0.00	0.00
	SNG Successor Trust	0.00	0.00
	SNG Lineage Trust	0.00	0.00
	JNG Family Trust	0.00	0.00
	PJG Family Trust	0.00	0.00
	RJG Family Trust	0.00	0.00
	NJG Family Trust	0.00	0.00
	SGC Family Trust	0.00	0.00
	VMC Family Trust	0.00	0.00
	FVC Children Trust	0.00	0.00
	NVC Children Trust	0.00	0.00
	Ms. Freyan Crishna Bieri	0.00	0.00
	Ms. Nyrika Holkar	0.00	0.00
	Mr. Navroze Jamshyd Godrej	0.00	0.00
	Navroze Lineage Trust	1.97	1.97
	Ms. Raika Jamshyd Godrej	0.00	0.00
	Raika Lineage Trust	1.97	1.97
	FVC Family Trust	1.97	1.97
	NVC Family Trust	1.97	1.97
	Ms. Karla Bookman	0.18	0.18
	Ms. Sasha Godrej	0.18	0.18
	Ms. Lana Godrej	0.07	0.07
	RKN Enterprises	3.94	3.94

(₹ in crore)

Sr. No.	Nature of Transaction	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
12	Sundry income		
	ACI Godrej Agrovet Private Limited	11.59	5.92
	Godrej Consumer Products Limited	0.01	0.01
13	Capital advance given during the year		
	Godrej & Boyce Manufacturing Company Limited	2.41	8.04
14	Outstanding capital advance		
	Godrej Vikhroli Properties India Limited	0.04	0.04
	Godrej Properties Limited	0.04	0.04
15	Outstanding receivables		
	Godrej & Boyce Manufacturing Company Limited	0.11	-
	Godrej Industries Limited	2.27	1.37
	Godrej One Premises Management Private Limited	0.11	0.10
	Godrej Consumer Products Limited	-	3.89
	ACI Godrej Agrovet Private Limited	15.73	24.95
	Omnivore India Capital Trust	0.03	0.03
16	Outstanding payables		
	Godrej Infotech Limited	0.01	-
	Godrej Properties Limited	3.33	3.33
	Godrej Consumer Products Limited	1.25	-
	Godrej Agrovet Limited Provident Fund Trust	2.01	2.01
	Godrej Agrovet Limited Superannuation Scheme	0.03	0.01
	Godrej Agrovet Limited Group Gratuity Trust	2.89	6.92
	Godrej Seeds & Genetics Limited	2.58	0.68
	Kavali Milkline Private Limited	0.06	0.14
	Khammam Milkline Private Limited	0.48	0.28
	Mohan Milkline Private Limited	0.60	0.18
	Pamuru Milkline Private Limited	0.23	0.16
	Pragathi Milkline Private Limited	0.01	0.01
	Vidya Milkline Private Limited	0.12	0.10
	Ongole Milkline Private Limited	0.03	0.01
	Godrej & Boyce Manufacturing Company Limited	-	0.74
17	Guarantees outstanding		
	Godrej Consumer Products Limited	1.21	1.21

(₹ in crore)

Sr. No.	Nature of Transaction	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
18	Director's sitting fees		
	Dr. Ritu Anand (Independent Director)	0.08	0.08
	Ms. Aditi Kothari Desai (Independent Director)	0.05	0.07
	Dr. Raghunath A. Mashelkar (Independent Director)	-	0.02
	Ms. Roopa Purushothaman (Independent Director)	0.07	0.05
	Mr. N. Srinivasan (Independent Director)	0.09	0.08
	Mr. Kannan Sitaram (Independent Director)	0.05	0.05
	Mr. Ashok Gulati (Independent Director)	0.06	0.05
	Ms. Ritu Verma (Independent Director)	0.05	0.01
19	Director's commission		
	Mr. N. B. Godrej (Chairman)	0.09	0.09
	Ms. Ritu Verma (Independent Director)	0.02	-
	Dr. Ritu Anand (Independent Director)	0.09	0.09
	Ms. Aditi Kothari Desai (Independent Director)	0.09	0.09
	Dr. Raghunath A. Mashelkar (Independent Director)	0.03	0.09
	Ms. Roopa Purushothaman (Independent Director)	0.09	0.09
	Ms. Tanya A. Dubash	0.09	0.09
	Mr. V. M. Crishna	-	0.05
	Mr. J. N. Godrej	0.09	0.09
	Ms. Nisaba Godrej	0.09	0.09
	Mr. N. Srinivasan (Independent Director)	0.09	0.09
	Mr. Kannan Sitaram (Independent Director)	0.09	0.09
	Mr. Pirojsha A. Godrej (Director)	0.09	0.09
	Mr. Ashok Gulati (Independent Director)	0.09	0.08
20	Contribution to post-employment benefit plans		
	Godrej Agrovet Limited Provident Fund Trust	24.48	24.67
	Godrej Agrovet Limited Superannuation Scheme	0.38	0.45
	Godrej Agrovet Limited Group Gratuity Trust	4.74	2.60

As per our report of even date attached

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number 101248W/W-100022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Godrej Agrovet Limited

(CIN:L15410MH1991PLC135359)

N. B. GODREJ

Chairman

DIN: 00066195

B.S.YADAV

Managing Director

DIN: 00294803

KOOSAI LEHERY

Partner

Membership Number: 112399

Mumbai, May 8, 2024

S. VARADARAJ

Chief Financial Officer

ICAI Memb. No. 047959

Mumbai, May 8, 2024

VIVEK RAIZADA

Company Secretary

ICSI Memb. No. ACS11787

FORM AOC-1
(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of Section 129 read with Rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)
Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of Subsidiaries / Associate Companies / Joint Ventures
For the Financial Year ended March 31, 2024

PART "A": SUBSIDIARIES:

Sl. No.	Name of the subsidiary	(Rs. in Crore)						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Godvet Agrochem Limited	Astec Lifesciences Limited	Behram Chemicals Private Limited	Comercializadora Agricola Agroastrachem Cia Ltd.	Creamline Dairy Products Limited	Godrej Tyson Foods Limited	Godrej Cattle Genetics Private Limited*
1.	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	01.04.2023 to 31.03.2024	01.04.2023 to 31.03.2024	01.04.2023 to 31.03.2024	01.04.2023 to 31.03.2024	01.04.2023 to 31.03.2024	01.04.2023 to 31.03.2024	01.04.2023 to 31.03.2024
2.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries.	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Columbian Peso (Exchange rate 0.02149)	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
3.	Share capital	9.95	19.61	0.60	0.01	11.32	0.20	3.68
4.	Reserves & surplus	9.11	349.07	0.73	(0.11)	105.78	187.39	55.83
5.	Total assets	22.51	974.15	1.37	0.00	492.41	397.30	69.10
6.	Total Liabilities	3.45	605.47	0.04	0.10	375.30	209.71	9.59
7.	Investments	-	0.43	-	-	8.01	-	-
8.	Turnover	-	457.70	-	-	1,540.50	981.08	54.65
9.	Profit before taxation	1.42	(61.88)	0.15	-	10.73	43.58	(5.36)
10.	Provision for taxation	0.11	(14.89)	0.04	-	2.94	16.55	-
11.	Profit after taxation	1.31	(46.99)	0.11	-	7.79	27.03	(5.36)
12.	Other comprehensive income before tax	-	(0.76)	-	-	(0.30)	(0.30)	0.01
13.	Tax on Other comprehensive income	-	0.19	-	-	0.08	0.10	-
14.	Other comprehensive income	-	(0.57)	-	-	(0.23)	(0.19)	0.01
15.	Total comprehensive income	1.31	(47.56)	0.11	-	7.56	26.84	(5.35)
16.	Proposed Dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17.	% of shareholding	100.00%	64.77%	65.63%	100.00%	51.91%	51.00%	100.00%

* Godrej Cattle Genetics Private Limited was formerly known as "Godrej Maxximilk Private Limited".

Notes:

- Names of Subsidiaries which are yet to commence Operations:**
Comercializadora Agricola Agroastrachem Cia Ltda (Bogota Columbia) [a 100% Subsidiary of Astec LifeSciences Limited (a Subsidiary)], has not yet commenced its operations.
- Names of Subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the Year:**
None of the Subsidiaries of the Company have been liquidated or sold during the Financial Year under review.

Part “B”: Associates and Joint Ventures

		(Rs. in Crore)	
Name of Associates / Joint Ventures	ACI Godrej Agrovet Private Limited	Omnivore India Capital Trust	
1. Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	31.03.2024	31.03.2024	
2. Shares of Associate / Joint Venture held by the Company on the year end	50.00%	9.62%	
No.	18,50,000 Ordinary Shares	1,505.23 Units	
Amount of Investment in Associate / Joint Venture	12.58	15.05	
3. Description of how there is significant influence	Due to percentage (%) of Share Capital	The Company participates in the key activities jointly with the Investment Manager.	
4. Reason why the Associate / Joint Venture is not consolidated	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	
5. Networth attributable to Shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	137.28	12.80	
6. Profit / Loss for the year 2023-24			
i. Considered in Consolidation	66.38	(13.56)	
ii. Not Considered in Consolidation	-	-	

Notes:**3. Names of Associates / Joint Ventures which are yet to commence Operations:**

None of the Associates / Joint Ventures of the Company is yet to commence its operations.

4. Names of Subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the Year:

None of the Associates / Joint Ventures of the Company has been liquidated or sold during the Financial Year under review, except AI Rahba International trading LLC, Aba Dhabi, UAE.